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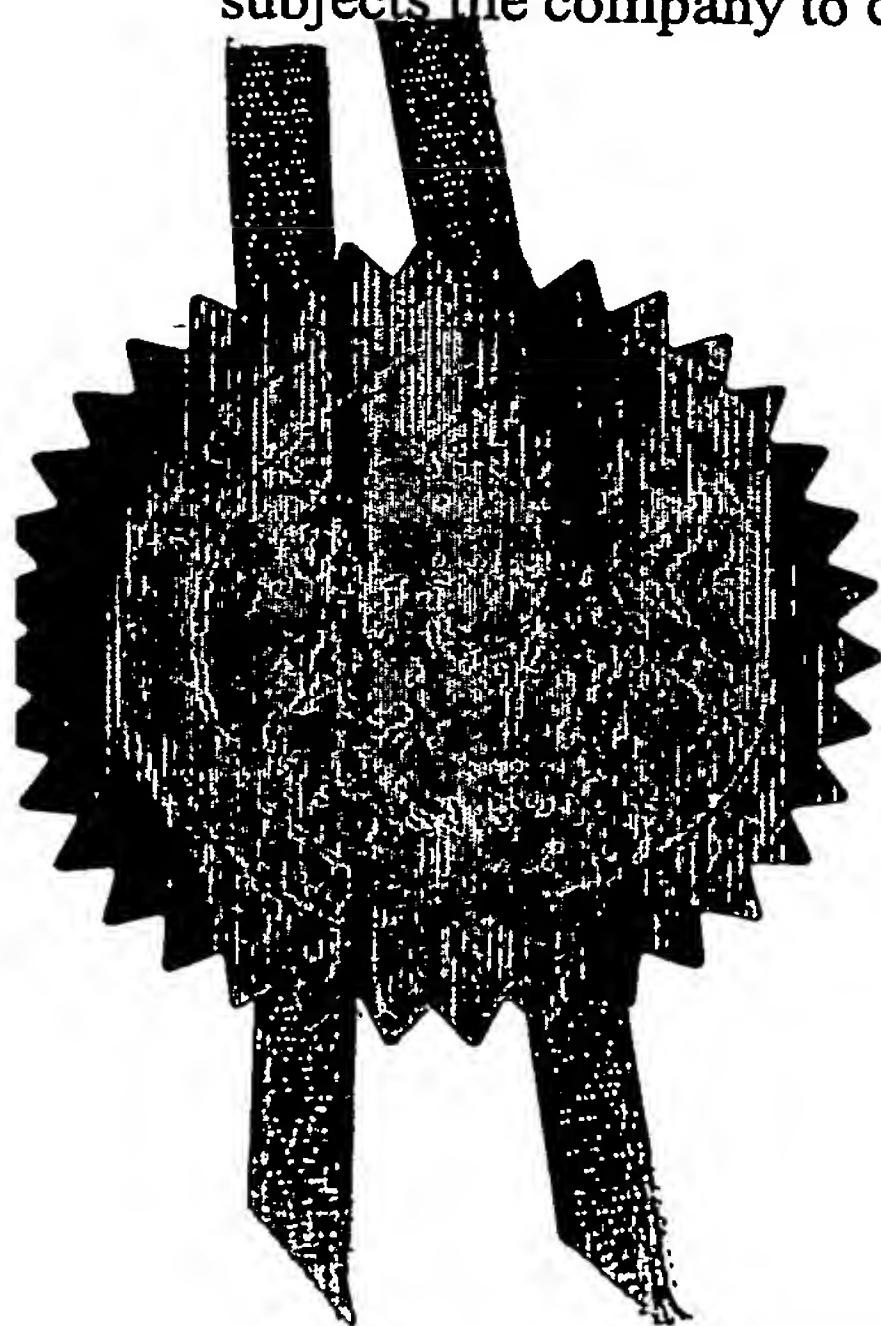
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## 1. Your reference

DCS/P02228UK

## 2. Patent application number

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0413387.2

## 3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

08779183001

Surface Generation Ltd  
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Bakewell Road, Orton  
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Patents ADP number (if you know it)

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

## 4. Title of the invention

Improved Tooling System

## 5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

Lewis & Taylor  
144 New Walk  
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LE1 7AJ

711002

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

086 91164 001

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Country

Priority application number  
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Number of earlier application

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Description 10

Claim(s) 3

Abstract

Drawing(s) 12 (2)

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Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77)

Request for preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77)

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11.

I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Signature

*Diana C Stagg*

Date

15 June 2004

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom

Diana C Stagg

0116 233 8181

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**Title: Improved Tooling System**

The present invention relates to an improved component for use in a tooling system, and to an improved tooling system including this component.

The improved component is particularly suitable for use in the tooling systems described and 5 claimed in International Patent Application No. WO 02/064308.

International Patent Application No. WO 02/064308 describes and claims a tooling system comprising a plurality of elements arranged in an array, each element being moveable longitudinally relative to the other elements in the array and having a first end, the system further comprising means to adjust the relative longitudinal positions of the elements such that the free ends of the 10 elements define approximately a desired surface contour and means for retaining the elements in their adjusted positions, characterised in that: the first end of each element is provided on a machinable portion removably mounted to a base portion, the arrangement being such that the free ends of the elements can be machined to produce the desired surface contour.

International Patent Application No. WO 02/064308 further describes and claims a tooling system 15 comprising a plurality of elements arranged in an array, the elements of the array being movable between a closed position in which the elements contact one another and are secured in position, and an open position in which the elements of the array are spaced apart and are capable of vertical movement relative to one another, and drive means for opening and closing the array. The elements are mounted on support rails to form the array.

20 It is an object of the present invention to provide a device for retaining the elements of an array of this type relative to one another, in order to provide an improved surface contour.

The present invention provides a tooling system which comprises a plurality of elements arranged in an array, the elements of the array being movable between a closed position in which the

elements contact one another and are secured in position, and an open position in which the elements of the array are spaced apart and are capable of vertical movement relative to one another, characterised in that the tooling system further comprises bolster means provided to align the elements during closing of the array and to hold the elements of the array securely in the closed and aligned position.

5 In a preferred embodiment of the tooling system according to the invention, the bolster means has an element contacting face which is adapted selectively to apply localised pressure to one or more elements of the array.

The pressure may for example be applied mechanically, hydraulically or pneumatically.

10 The elements of the array are preferably substantially polygonal, for example triangular, rectangular or pentagonal, in cross-section and are preferably arranged so that, in the closed position of the array, the major axes of adjacent elements are aligned and their vertices touch one another, so that the elements of the array tessellate.

15 In a preferred embodiment of the tooling system according to the invention, the array is substantially rectangular in plan view and bolster means are provided on the four sides of the rectangle, the bolster means on at least two adjacent sides of the rectangular array having element contacting faces which are adapted selectively to apply localised pressure to one or more elements of the array.

20 In an alternative preferred embodiment of the tooling system according to the invention, where the array elements are substantially rectangular in cross-section and are arranged so that, in the closed position of the array, the major axes of adjacent elements are aligned and their vertices touch one another, so that the elements of the array tessellate, the array is substantially diamond shaped in plan view so that the outer edges are straight. Bolster means are provided on the four sides of the diamond, comprising bolster elements with substantially planar element-contacting faces. This has the advantage that the bolsters are less complex and lighter in weight, and hence cheaper to manufacture.

In an alternative preferred embodiment of the tooling system according to the invention, the array in plan view has one or more curved sides. In particular, the array may be substantially circular or oval in plan view.

Where the array in plan view has one or more curved sides, the bolster means is preferably a  
5 flexible strap provided with tightening and securing means.

Further, where the array in plan view has one or more curved sides, at least some of the array elements arranged at the periphery of the array may have a side face or adjacent side faces adapted to conform to the profile adopted by the strap bolster when tightened, along at least part of the height or length of the element. The array elements with one or more adapted side faces are  
10 preferably not elements which are to be machined.

In a particularly preferred embodiment of the tooling system according to the invention, the array is substantially rectangular in plan view and bolster means having element contacting faces which are adapted selectively to apply localised pressure to one or more elements of the array are provided on all four sides of the rectangular array.

15 In such an arrangement, the outer edges of the rectangular array are serrated and the bolster means preferably has a correspondingly serrated face. In a preferred embodiment of the tooling system according to the invention, the face of the bolster means contacting the array is formed from a plurality of teeth, at least some of which teeth are adjustable in order selectively to apply localised pressure to one or more elements of the array, in line with the sides of the elements. The teeth are  
20 preferably also individually adjustable in height relative to one another.

The element contacting face is preferably formed with a smooth face, so that there is low friction between the element contacting face and the element, when pressure is applied parallel to the sides of the elements, to allow pressure from the perpendicular bolster teeth to align elements in that direction also.

Each side of the bolster means may be formed of two or more separate component sections, so that one or more component sections may be moved to allow opening and adjustment of a part of the array, while maintaining the remainder of the array secured in the closed position.

5 The component sections may be moveable simply by lifting the sections away from the elements of the array. Alternatively, the component sections may be mounted pivotally or slidably on a chassis of the tooling system, for pivoting or sliding into and out of engagement with the array elements.

10 In a preferred embodiment of the tooling system according to the invention, the bolster means may comprise two sets of bolsters, the first of which is used during machining of the elements of the tooling system and the second of which is used when the elements of the array have been machined and the system is being used as a mould. The use of two sets of bolsters provides advantages in both cost and weight saving, as the second set of bolsters is both simpler and lighter in weight than the first set.

15 The tooling system preferably further comprises means for securing the second set of bolster means in position around the array of elements, for example a pallet strap, which may be carbon fibre, steel or nylon.

20 In order to provide added strength and rigidity to the tooling system, the tooling system preferably comprises an array of tie bars, which tie bar function may be provided by the cross rails of the tooling system or by additional tie bars running between the threaded supports of the array elements and bolted through the bolsters or the chassis of the tooling system. Where the tie bars or cross rails are bolted through the bolsters, this has the advantage that the assembled array, held in position by the tied bolsters may be lifted as a unit and transferred to a different location as required.

Alternatively, one or more hoop straps may be provided, for threading between the threaded supports of the array elements.

The bolster means are preferably modular in design, so that individual bolster sides interlock with one another to form larger units.

The tooling system preferably further comprises vibrating means, so that the bolster sides can be vibrated to assist in bedding down the elements of the array. Alternatively or additionally, means 5 may be provided to vibrate the individual array elements or rows of array elements against the bolster to assist in alignment thereof.

The tooling system preferably further comprises sensors to detect and measure the forces applied to the elements of the array and /or to detect any movement.

The present invention further comprises a method of operating a tooling system which comprises 10 a plurality of elements arranged in an array, the elements of the array being movable between a closed position in which the elements contact one another and are secured in position, and an open position in which the elements of the array are spaced apart and are capable of vertical movement relative to one another, which tooling system further comprises bolster means provided to align the elements during closing of the array and to hold the elements of the array securely in the closed and 15 aligned position, characterised in that the method of operation includes the step of correcting any inter-row or inter-array element misalignment by separating the rows of array elements, aligning the first row of array elements relative to an element of the bolster, moving a target row comprising the adjacent row of array elements into alignment with the first row while vibrating the array elements in the target row and repeating this procedure with successive rows until all of the array elements 20 are correctly aligned.

An embodiment of a tooling system according to the invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which

Figure 1 is a view of a machine layout;

Figure 2 is a plan view of a first embodiment of an element array;

Figure 3 is a perspective view of the element array of Figure 2;

Figure 4 is a view of a bolster side;

Figure 5 is a view of a part of the bolster of Figure 4 and

Figures 5 (a); 5(b) and 5(c) are sections on the line V-V of the bolster part of Figure 5;

5 Figure 6 is a plan view of a second embodiment of an element array;

Figure 7 is a plan view of a third embodiment of an element array;

Figure 8 is a plan view of a fourth embodiment of an element array;

Figure 9 is a plan view of a fifth embodiment of an element array;

Figure 10 is a plan view of a sixth embodiment of an element array;

10 Figure 11 is a plan view of a seventh embodiment of an element array;

Figure 12 is a plan view of a eighth embodiment of an element array;

Figure 13 is a partial side view of a first alternative embodiment of a tooling system;

Figure 14 is a partial side view of a second alternative embodiment of a tooling system;

Figure 15 is a side view of a tooling system provided with tie bars;

15 Figure 16 is a plan view of a tooling system of Figure 15;

Figure 17 is a plan view of an alternative tooling system of Figure 15;

Figure 18 is a plan view of a tooling system provided with hoop straps;

Figure 19 is a side view of a tooling system with a free standing bolster shown in position in the tooling system;

5 Figure 20 is a side view of the free standing bolster of Figure 19 removed from the tooling system and

Figures 21(a); Figure 21(b) and Figure 21(c) show steps in the procedure for the correction of misalignment of one or more array elements.

As can be seen from Figure 1, a tooling system shown generally at 10 comprises a support table 10 on which is located a bridge 4, comprising a horizontal span 6 supported by first and second vertical supports 8,12. The horizontal span 6 supports an adjustment mechanism 14 and a machining tool 16.

The system 10 further comprises a consumable module 20 comprising array elements 24 supported on cross rails 22, which are themselves supported on a chassis (not shown) on the support table 15 2.

Each of the elements 24 terminates in a threaded support post 25 which engages with an internally threaded aperture (not shown) in the cross rail 22.

First and second side arms 26, 28 extend from the first and second vertical supports 8, 12 respectively, and terminate in retractable pegs 30, 32 adapted to engage with recesses in the ends 20 of the cross rails 22.

The elements 24 are arranged in an array, as shown in Figures 2 and 3 and are held in place by four bolsters 34, 36, 38 and 40. The elements 24 are orientated at -45° and +45°.

The machining tool shown generally at 16 comprises a spindle 42 and a tool head 44 mounted on the spindle 42.

5 The tool further comprises drive means (not shown) for locating and driving the tool head 44 via the spindle 42.

The adjusting mechanism shown generally at 14 comprises an adjustment fork 46 mounted on a hydraulic cylinder 48 and provided with a rotating drive (not shown).

10 The adjustment fork 46 comprises a square head portion 49 from which depend four tines 50, 52, 54 and 56, one tine depending from each of the four corners of the square head portion 49.

As can be seen from Figures 2, 3 and 4, the consumable module 20 comprises an array of elements 24 constrained by four bolster elements 34, 36, 38 and 40. Each of the bolster elements 34, 36, 38 and 40 comprises a back plate 62 on which are mounted an array of wedge shaped teeth 64 forming a serrated face.

15 As can be seen more clearly from Figure 4, a bolster element shown generally at 34 includes an array of teeth 64. Each of the teeth 64 comprises a housing 66 on each of two faces of which is mounted a contact plate 68.

20 As can be seen more clearly from Figures 5(a); 5(b) and 5(c), which are sections through the tooth 64 on the line V-V of Figure 5, showing different stages of the application of mechanical pressure, each of the contact plates 68 is supported by three rollers 70, 72 and 74 which extend across the length of the housing 66. The rollers are supported in V-shaped grooves 76, 78 and 80 formed in a support bar 82 which can be driven longitudinally along the length of the tooth 64. As the support bar 82 is driven along the tooth 64 in the direction of the arrows shown in Figures 5(b) and 5(c),

the rollers 70, 72 and 74 rotate in the respective V-shaped grooves 76, 78 and 80 and are displaced relative to the longitudinal axis of the support bar 82. As the rollers 70, 72 and 74 rotate in the grooves 76, 78 and 80, the contact plate 68 is displaced and the pressure applied to the adjacent element is increased. As the support bar 82 is driven in the opposite direction, the applied pressure is reduced.

In use, the tooling system is assembled with the elements of the array in the closed and aligned position, using the bolster means to clamp the elements in the required positions. In order to clamp the array either before or after adjusting and machining the elements of the array as described in International Patent Application No. WO 02/064308, it is necessary first to ensure that the edges 10 of the elements are all aligned; any misalignment can be corrected by applying localised pressure as required. When the desired surface contour has been obtained, the bolster elements 34, 36, 38 and 40 may be removed, preferably one at a time, after being replaced by simpler and relatively inexpensive and lighter weight bolster elements, for example bolster elements of a similar design but without teeth having the specific design features described in Figures 4 and 5.

15 As can be seen from Figure 6, array elements 624 are arranged in an array and are held in place by four bolsters 634; 636; 638 and 640. The elements 624 and bolster 634, 636, 638 and 640 are orientated at -45° and +45° and the plan of the array is substantially diamond shaped.

20 Alternative arrangements of array elements are shown in Figures 7 to 12; in each of these alternative arrays, at least part of the periphery of the array and bolster is curvilinear. The array elements 724; 824; 924; 1024; 1124 or 1224 are arranged in an array which is secured by a bolster in the form of a flexible restraining strap 734; 834; 934; 1034; 1134 or 1234.

25 As is shown in Figures 8 to 12, at least some of the array elements 824; 924; 1024; 1124 and 1224 respectively positioned on the periphery of the array have one or more adjacent side faces profiled as shown at 810; 910 or 1010 by way of example to conform to the profile adopted by the securing strap 834; 934; 1034; 1134 or 1234 when the strap is tightened and to direct the clamp force of the securing strap 834; 934; 1034; 1134 or 1234.

Alternative arrangements for moving the bolster elements in and out of engagement with the array elements are shown in Figures 13 and 14. In Figure 13, a bolster element 1334 is shown mounted on a horizontal pivot axis 1320. The bolster element 1334 can be pivoted in and out of engagement with the adjacent array element 1324, to allow for adjustment of this element. In Figure 14, a 5 bolster element 1434 mounted on a slide 1420 is shown in a first engagement position 1434a and a second disengagement position 1434b. The bolster element 1434 can be slid between the two positions as required.

10 In the tooling system shown in Figure 15, tie bars 1520 and cross rails 1522 are shown bolted to the bolster elements 1534 and 1538. The tie bars may be arranged diagonally to the bolsters as shown in Figure 16 or horizontally in as shown in Figure 17.

The arrangement of hoop straps 1820 threaded between the support bars of the array elements 1824 shown in Figure 18 provides a further alternative arrangement for stabilising and strengthening the array. The hoop strap arrangement may be used alone or in combination with the alternate bolster or tie bars of Figures 15 to 17.

15 As can be seen from Figure 19, an assembly 1910 comprises a plurality of array elements 1924 secured by bolster elements 1934 and 1938. The bolster elements 1934, 1938 are tied together by cross rails 1922 and / or tie bars or hoops bolted through the bolster elements, so that the assembly can be lifted from the chassis as shown in Figure 20.

20 Figures 21(a); 21(b) and 21(c) show the sequence of steps which can be carried out to correct misalignment of array elements 2124. As is shown in Figure 21(a), a row of array elements 2124 including misaligned elements is, in a first step, moved away from engagement with the correctly aligned array elements 2124a or bolster 2134. As the row of misaligned elements is moved back into engagement with the correctly aligned elements 2124a or bolster 2134 as shown in Figure 21(b), they are vibrated and as they engage with the correctly aligned elements as shown in figure 25 21(c), the misalignment is corrected.

## Claims

1. A tooling system which comprises a plurality of elements arranged in an array, the elements of the array being movable between a closed position in which the elements contact one another and are secured in position, and an open position in which the elements of the array are spaced apart and are capable of vertical movement relative to one another, characterised in that the tooling system further comprises bolster means provided to hold the elements of the array securely in the closed position.  
5
2. A tooling system according to claim 1 characterised in that the bolster means has an element contacting face which is adapted selectively to apply localised pressure to one or more elements of the array.  
10
3. A tooling system according to claim 1 or claim 2 characterised in that the elements of the array are substantially polygonal in cross section.
4. A tooling system according to claim 3 characterised in that the elements of the array are substantially triangular, rectangular or pentagonal in cross-section.
- 15 5. A tooling system according to claim 3 or claim 4 characterised in that the elements of the array are arranged so that, in the closed position of the array, the major axes of adjacent elements are aligned and their vertices touch one another, so that the elements of the array tessellate.
6. A tooling system according to any of claims 1 to 5 characterised in that the array is substantially rectangular in plan view and bolster means are provided on at least two adjacent sides of the rectangular array.  
20
7. A tooling system according to claim 6 characterised in that bolster means are provided on all four sides of the rectangular array.

8. A tooling system according to claim 7 characterised in that the outer edges of the rectangular array are serrated and the bolster means has a correspondingly serrated face.

9. A tooling system according to claim 8 characterised in that the face of the bolster means contacting the array is formed from a plurality of teeth, at least some of which teeth are adjustable  
5 in order to apply localised pressure selectively to one or more elements of the array, in line with the sides of the elements.

10. A tooling system according to claim 9 characterised in that the teeth are also individually adjustable in height relative to one another.

11. A tooling system according to any of claims 1 to 10 characterised in that the bolster means  
10 comprise two sets of bolsters, the first of which is used during machining of the elements of the tooling system and the second of which is used when the elements of the array have been machined and the system is being used as a mould.

12. A tooling system according to any of claims 1 to 10 characterised in that at least one of the bolster means is formed of two or more separate component sections, so that one or more  
15 component sections may be removed to allow opening and adjustment of a part of the array, while maintaining the remainder of the array secured in the closed position.

13. A tooling system according to any of claims 1 to 12 characterised in that the bolster means are modular in design, so that individual bolster sides interlock with one another to form larger units.

14. A tooling system according to any of claims 1 to 13 characterised in that it further  
20 comprises vibrating means, so that the bolster sides can be vibrated to assist in bedding down the elements of the array.

15. A tooling system according to any of claims 1 to 14 characterised in that it further comprises sensors to detect and measure the forces applied to the elements of the array and/or to detect any movement.

16. A tooling system according to any of claims 1 to 15 characterised in that it further  
5 comprises means for securing the bolster means in position around the array of elements.

17. A tooling system substantially as herein described and with reference to the accompanying drawings.

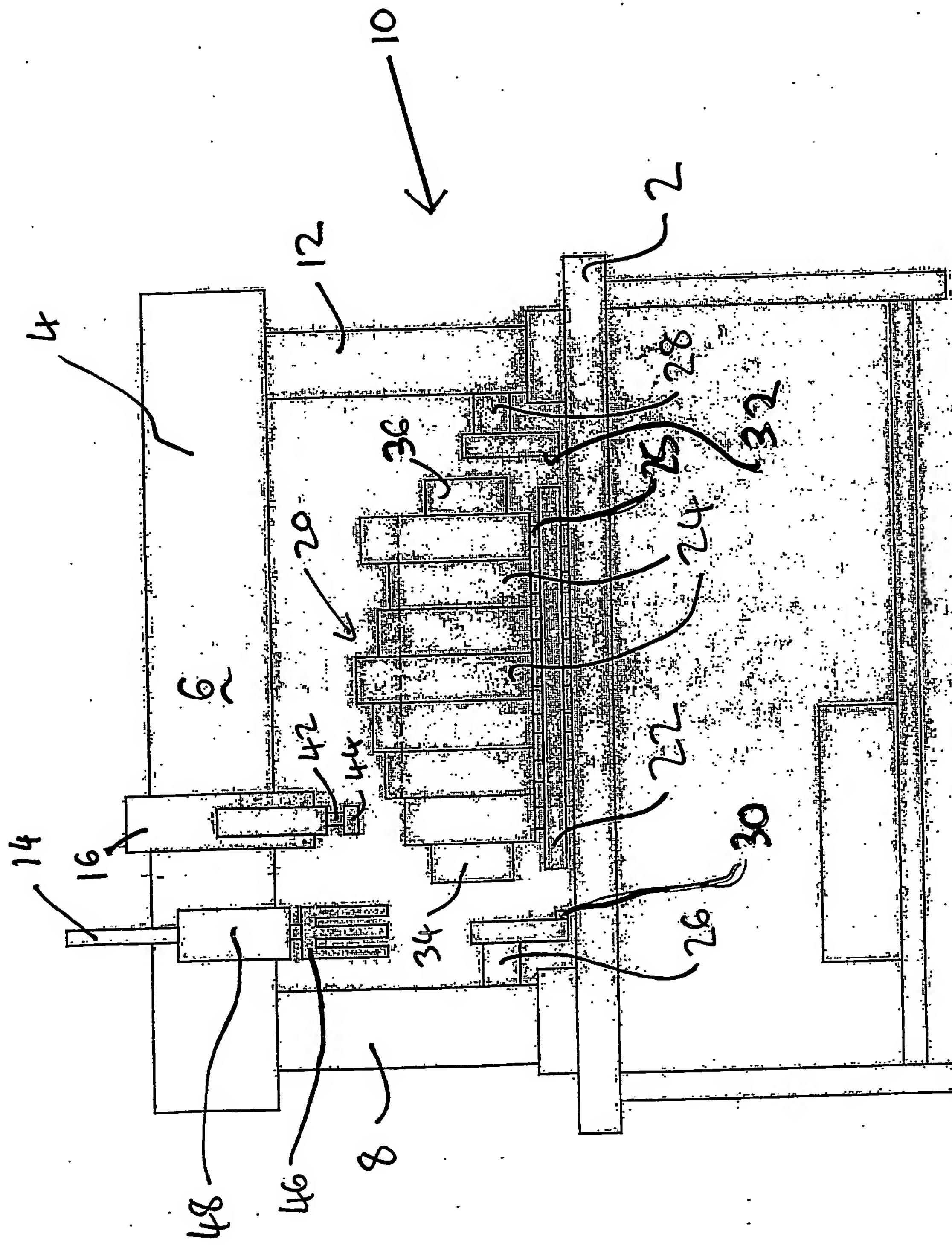
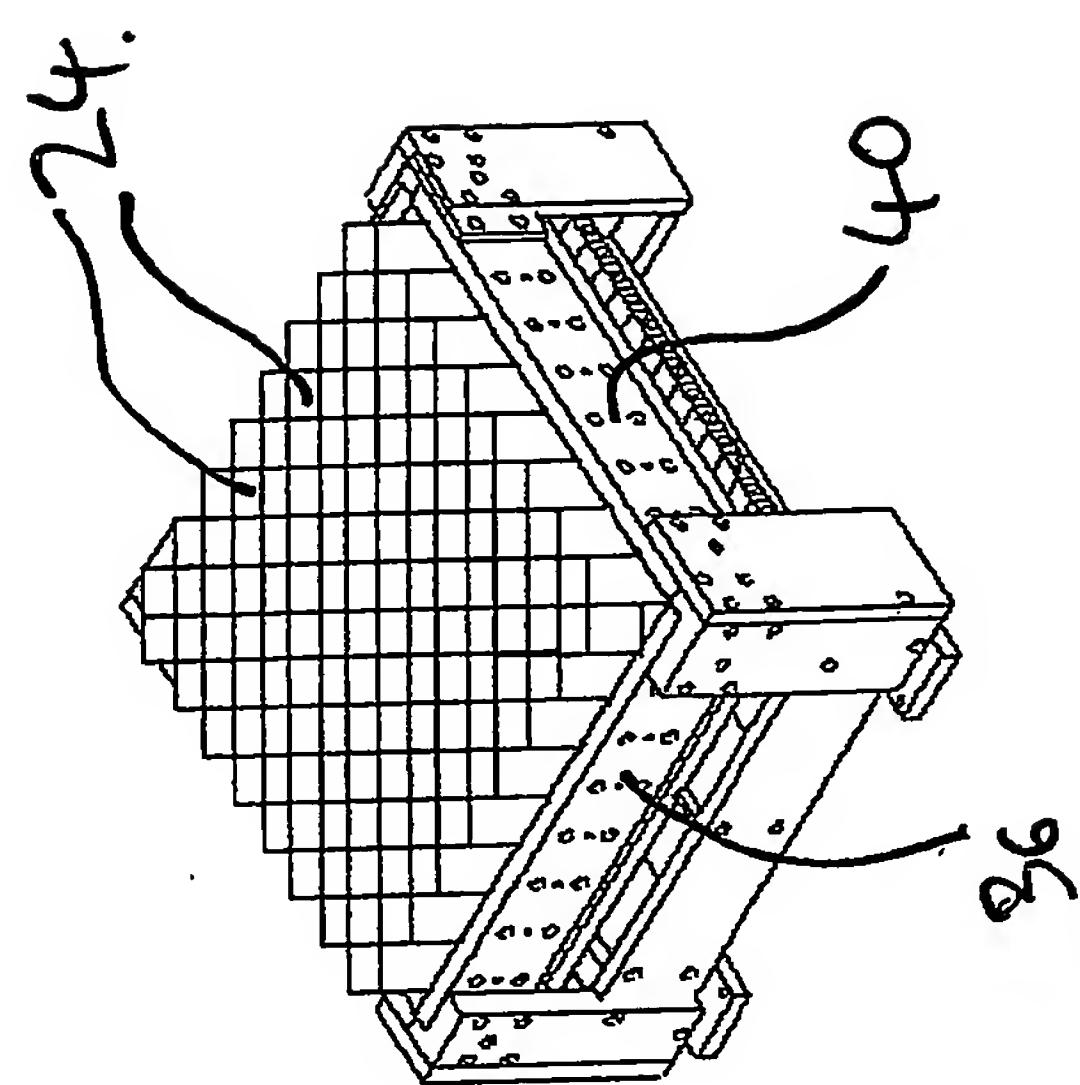
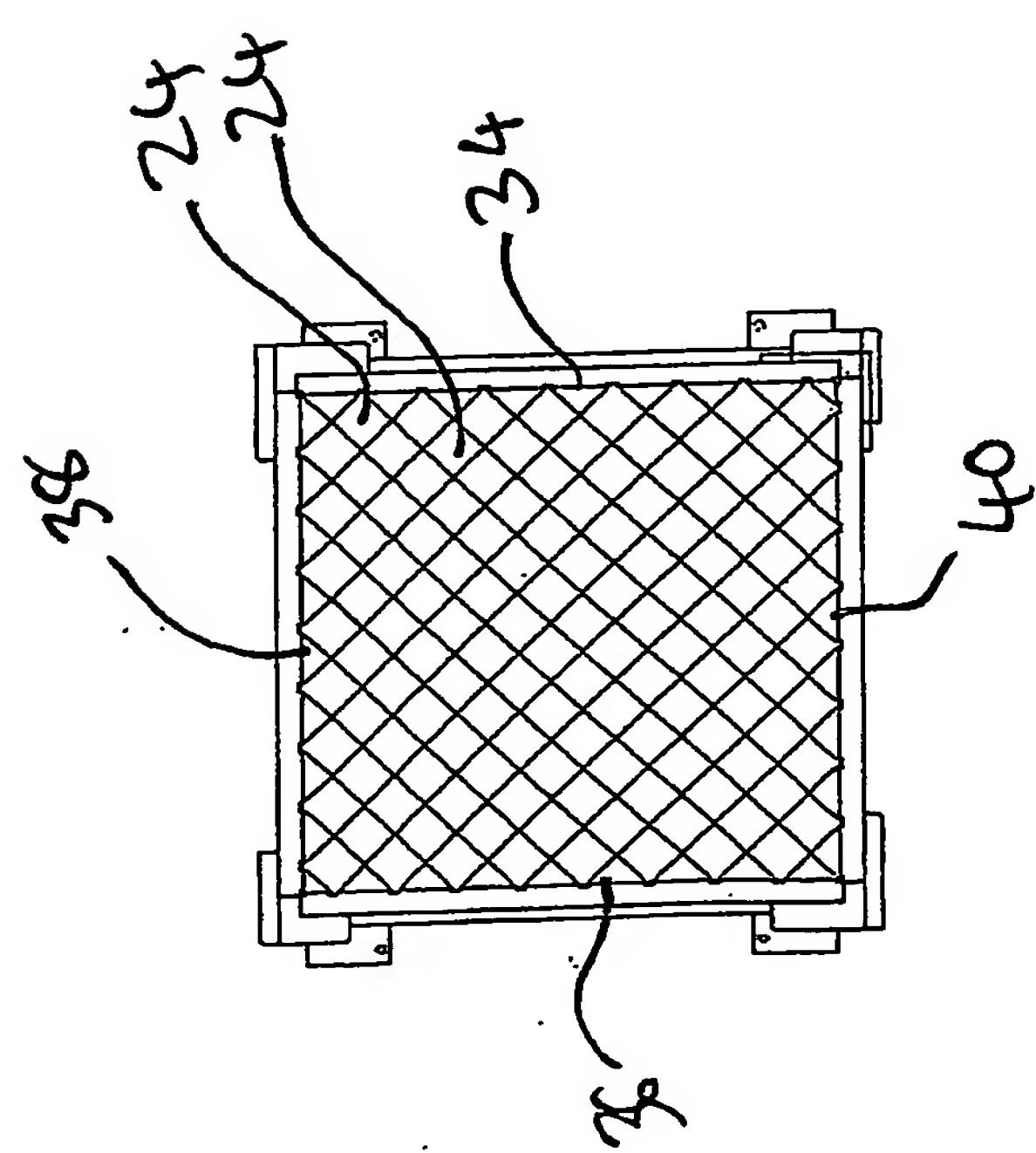


Figure 1

**Figure 3**



**Figure 2**



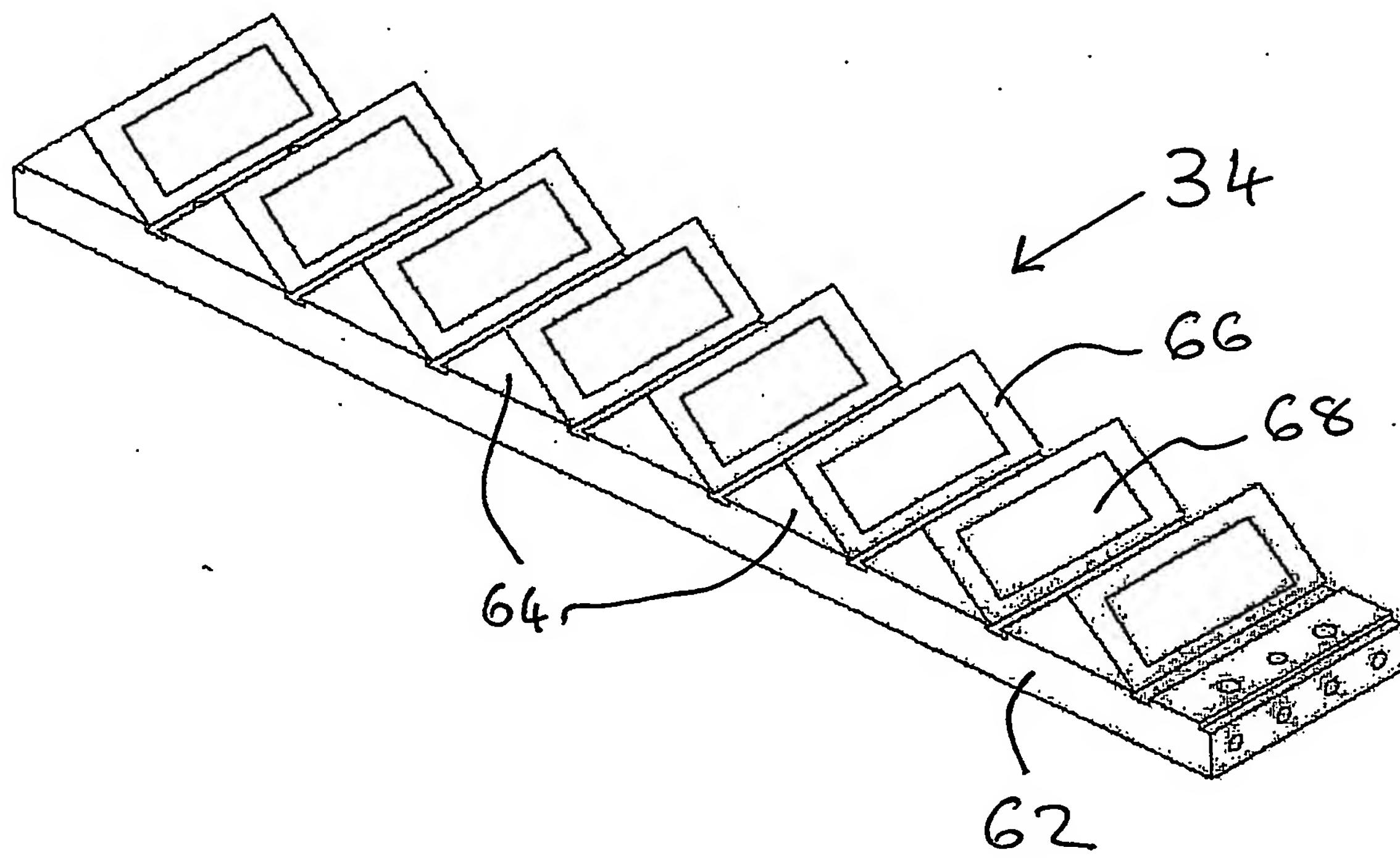


Figure 4

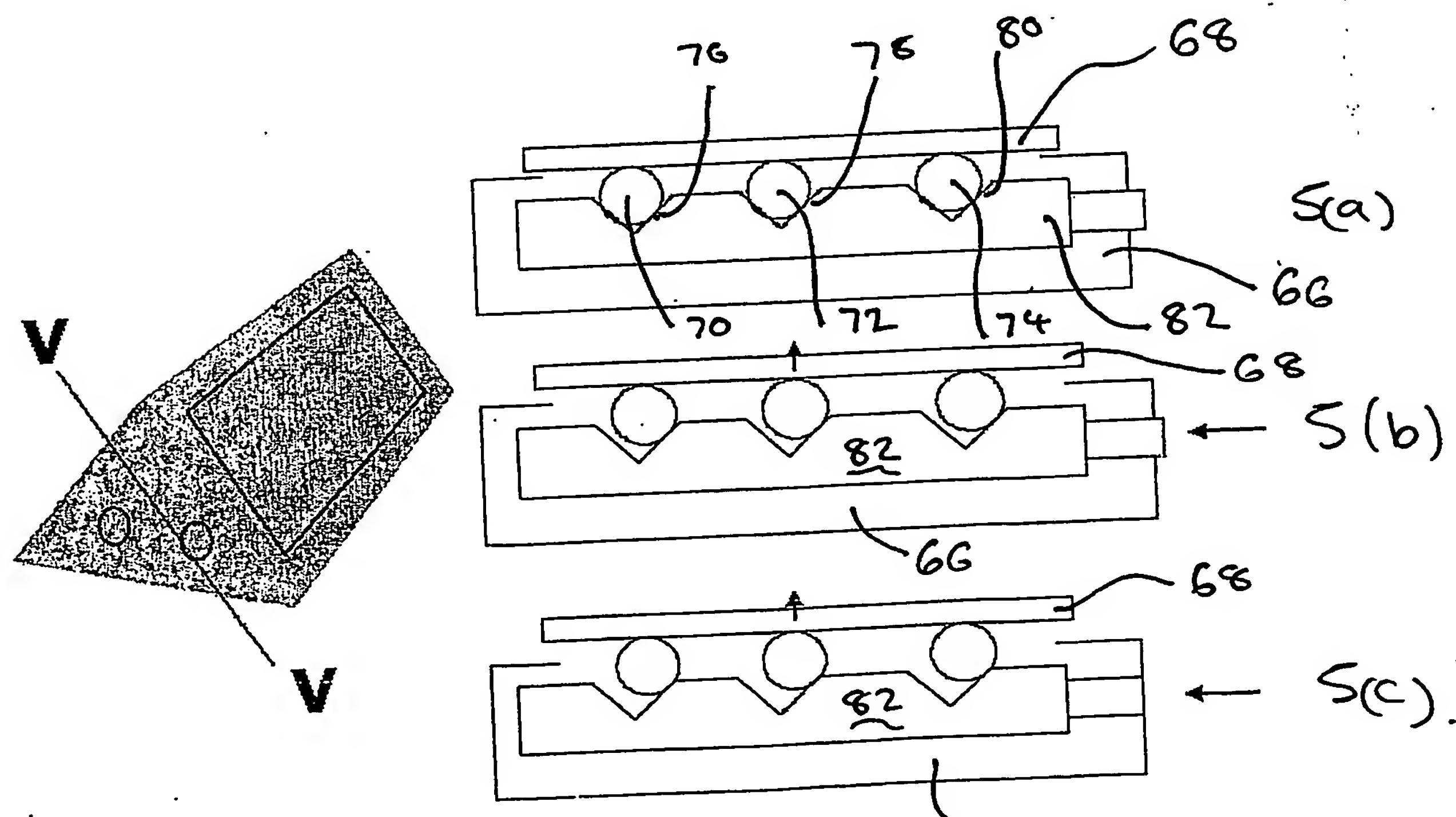


Figure 5

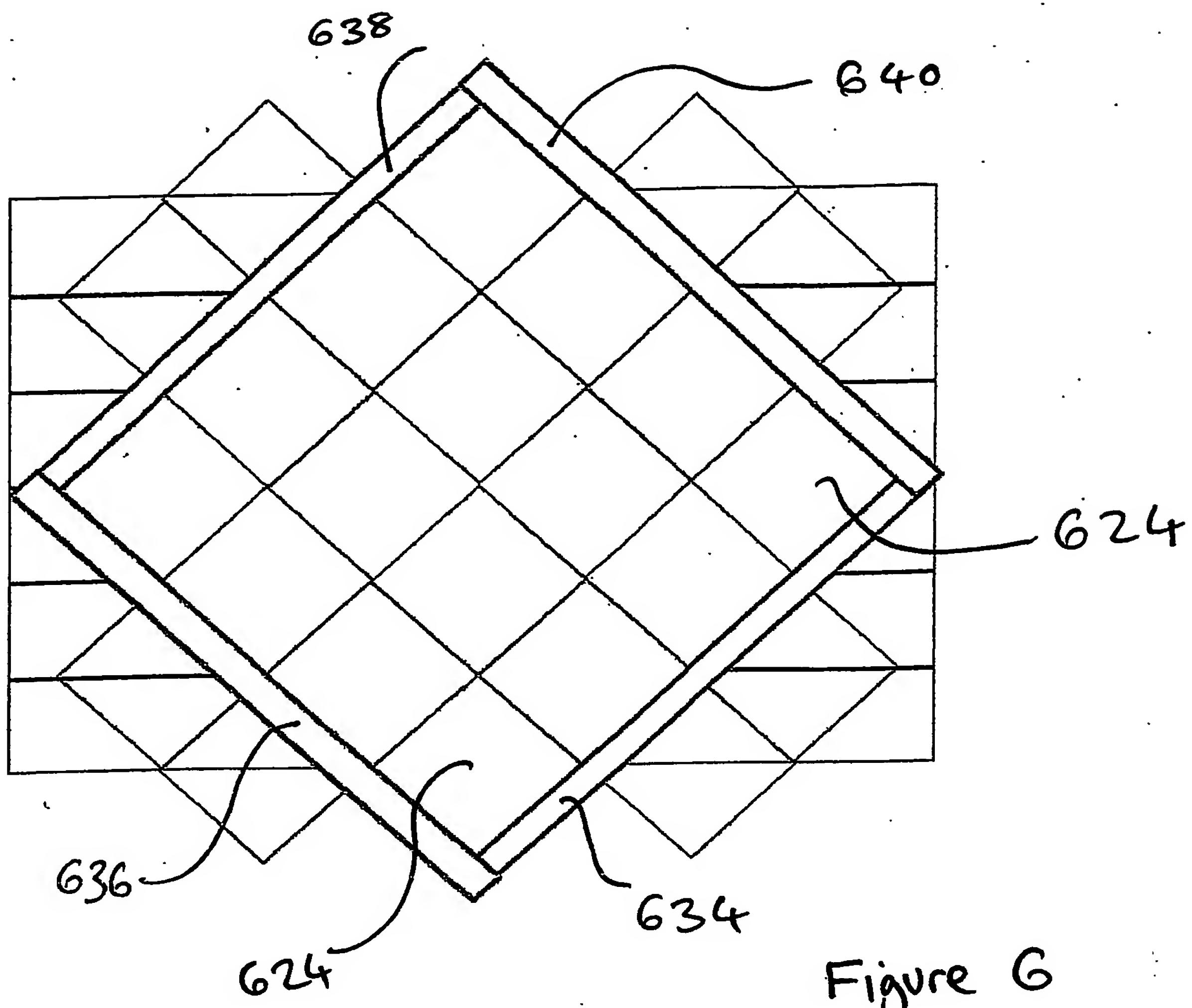


Figure 6

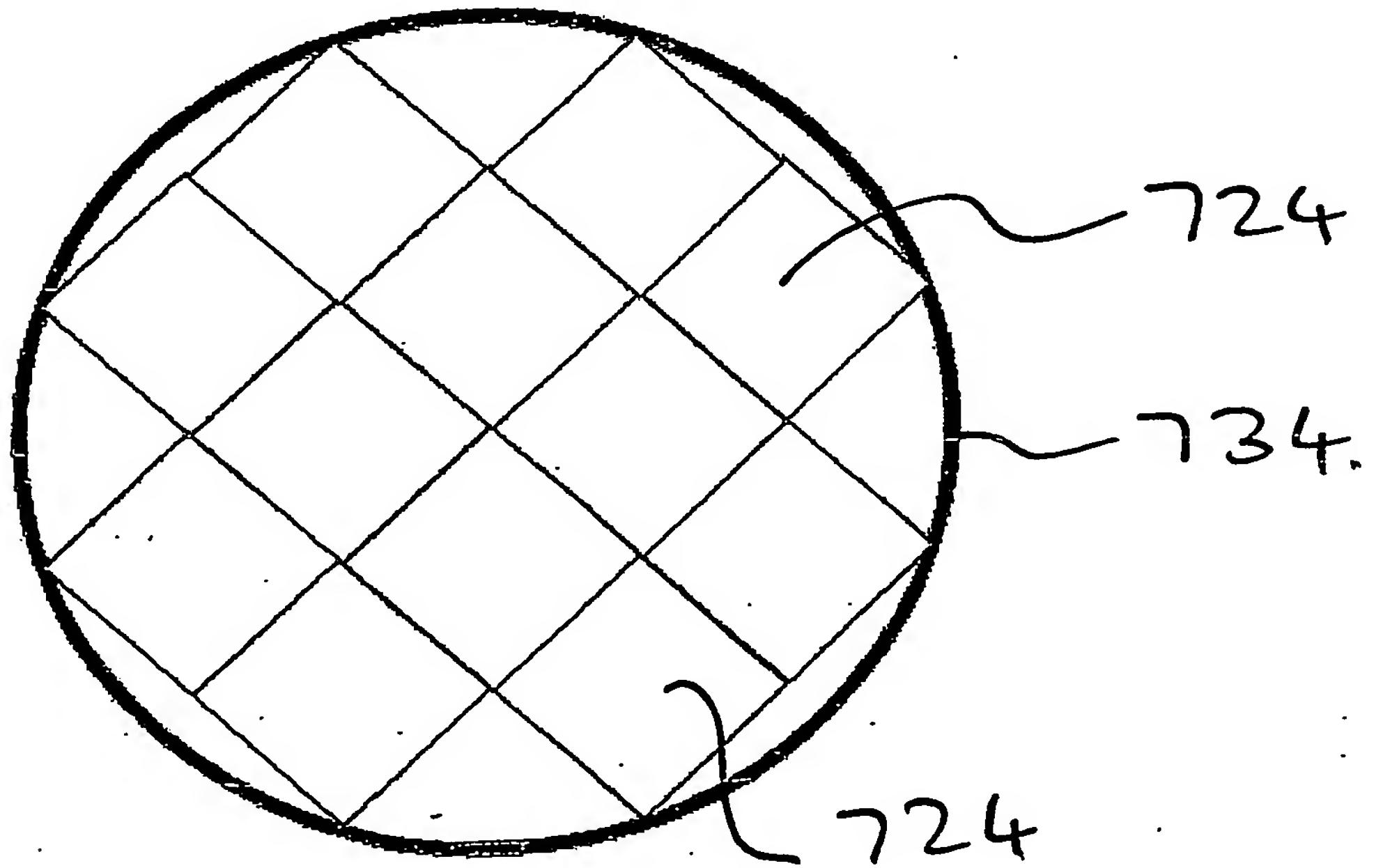
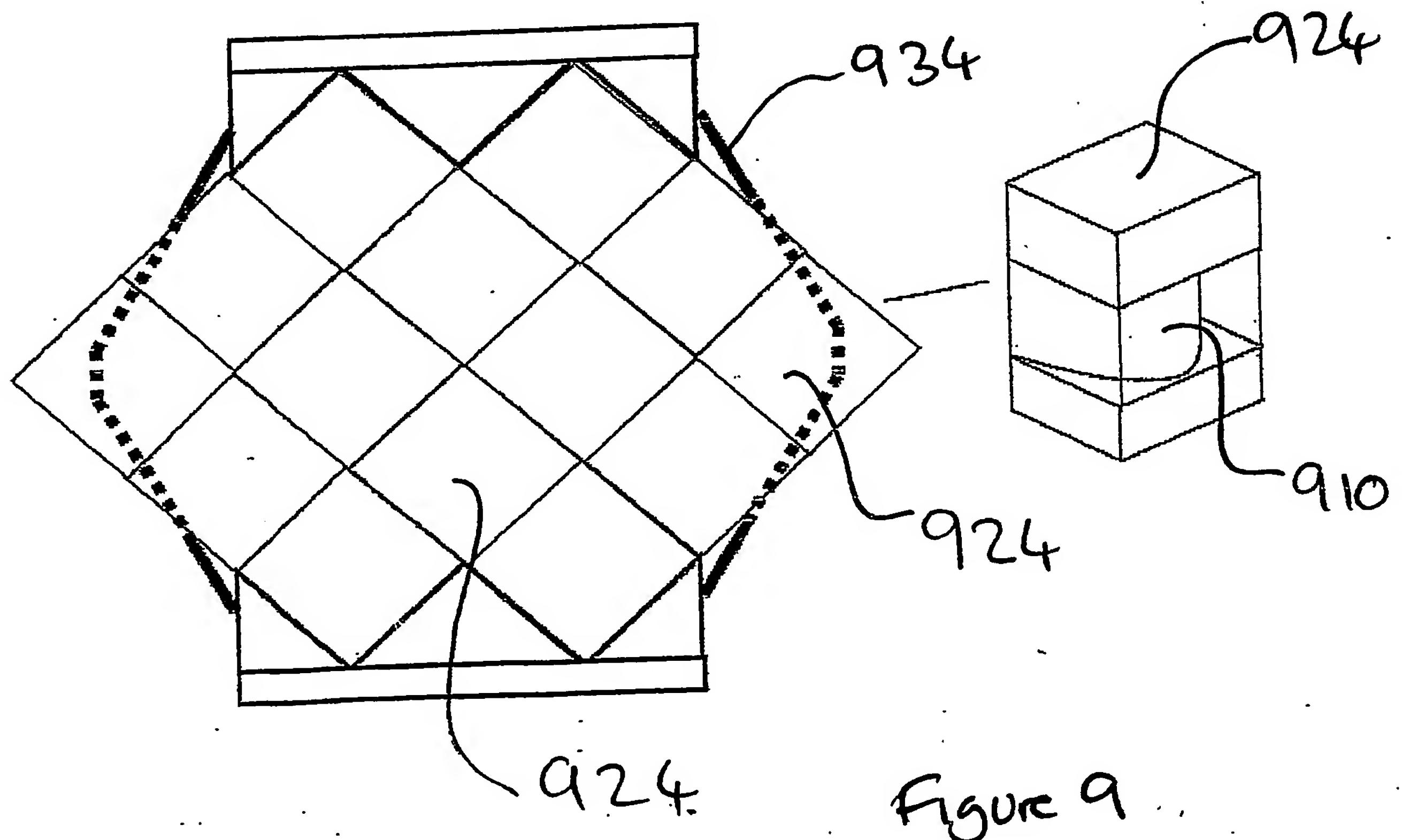
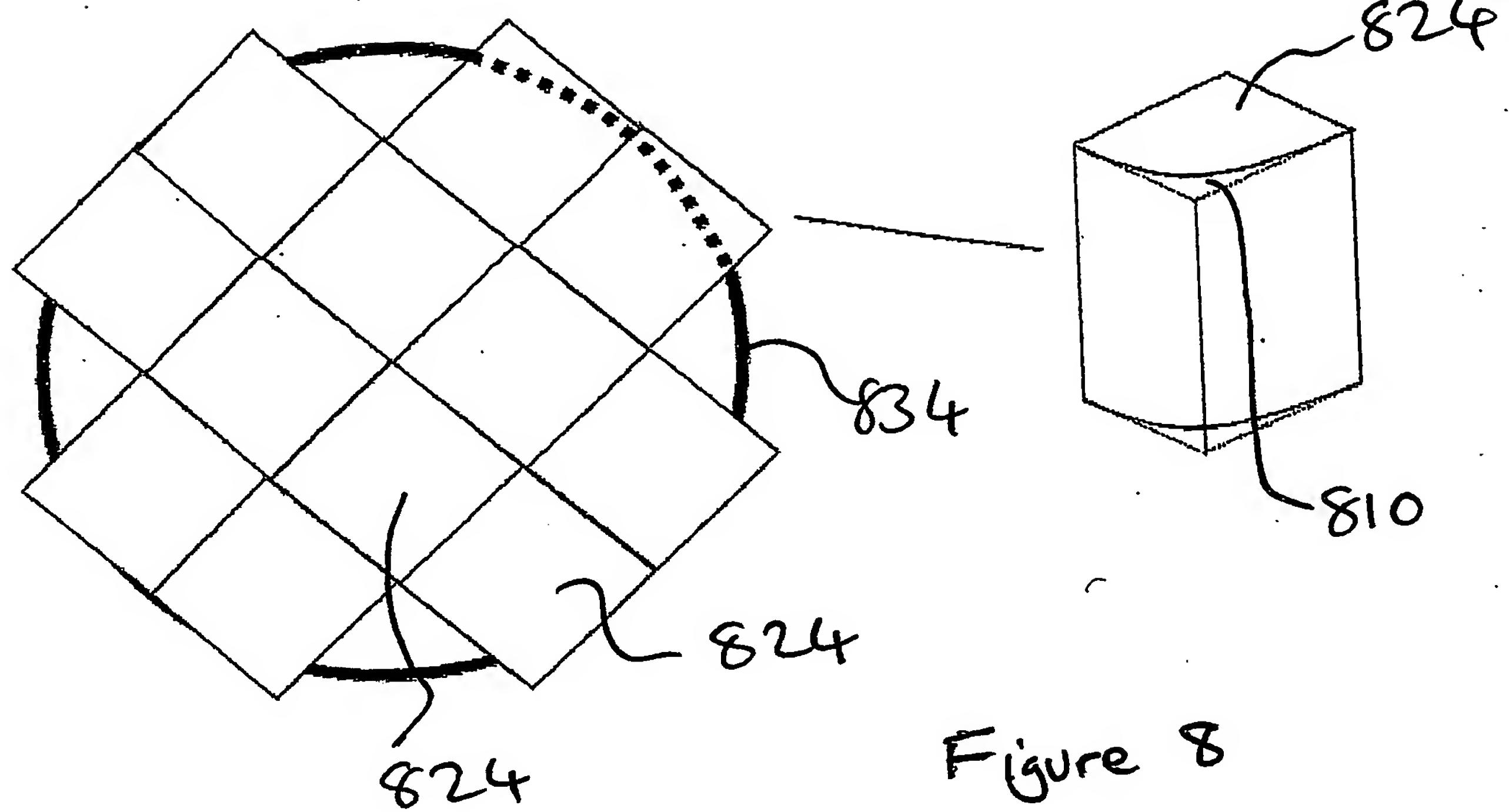


Figure 7



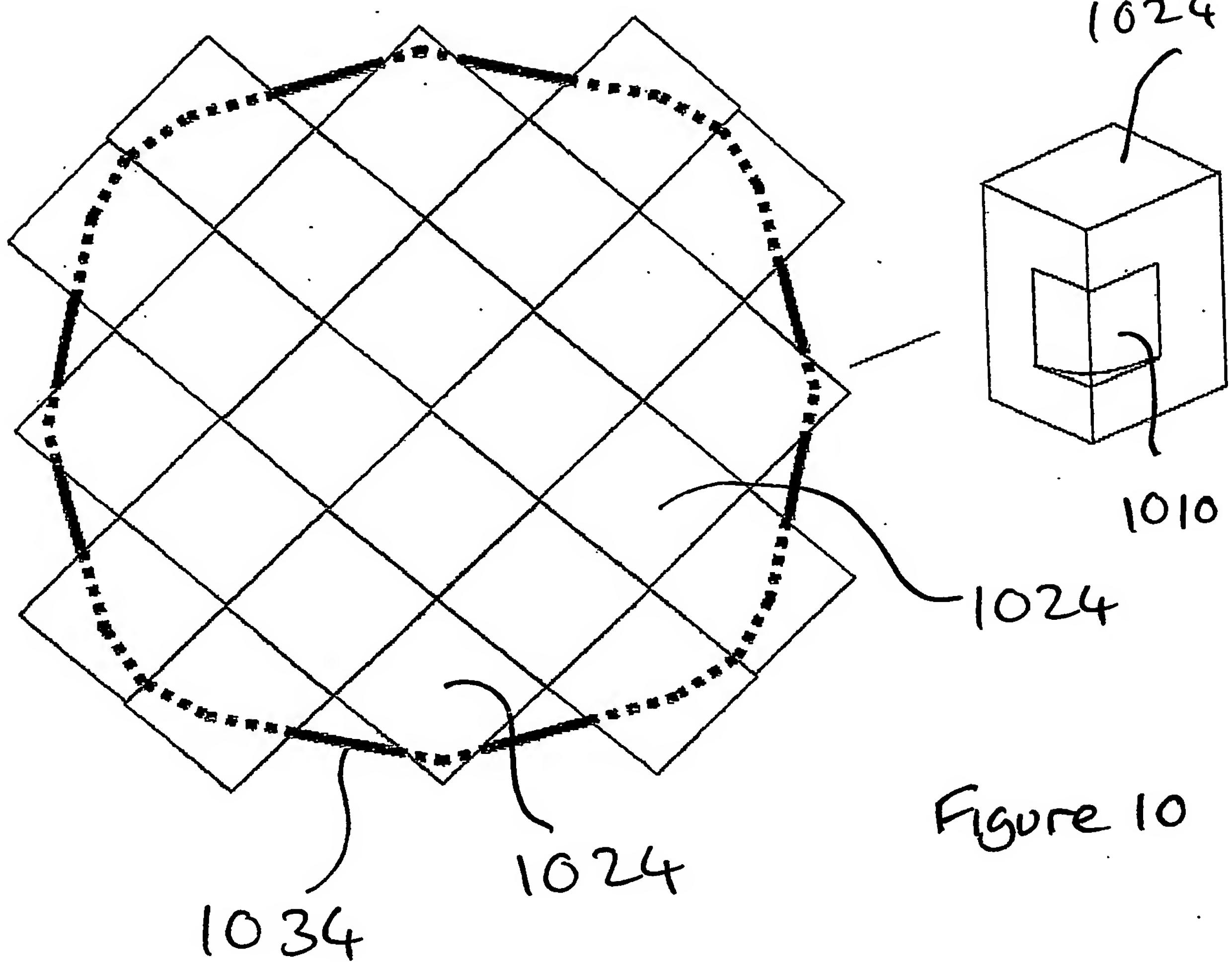
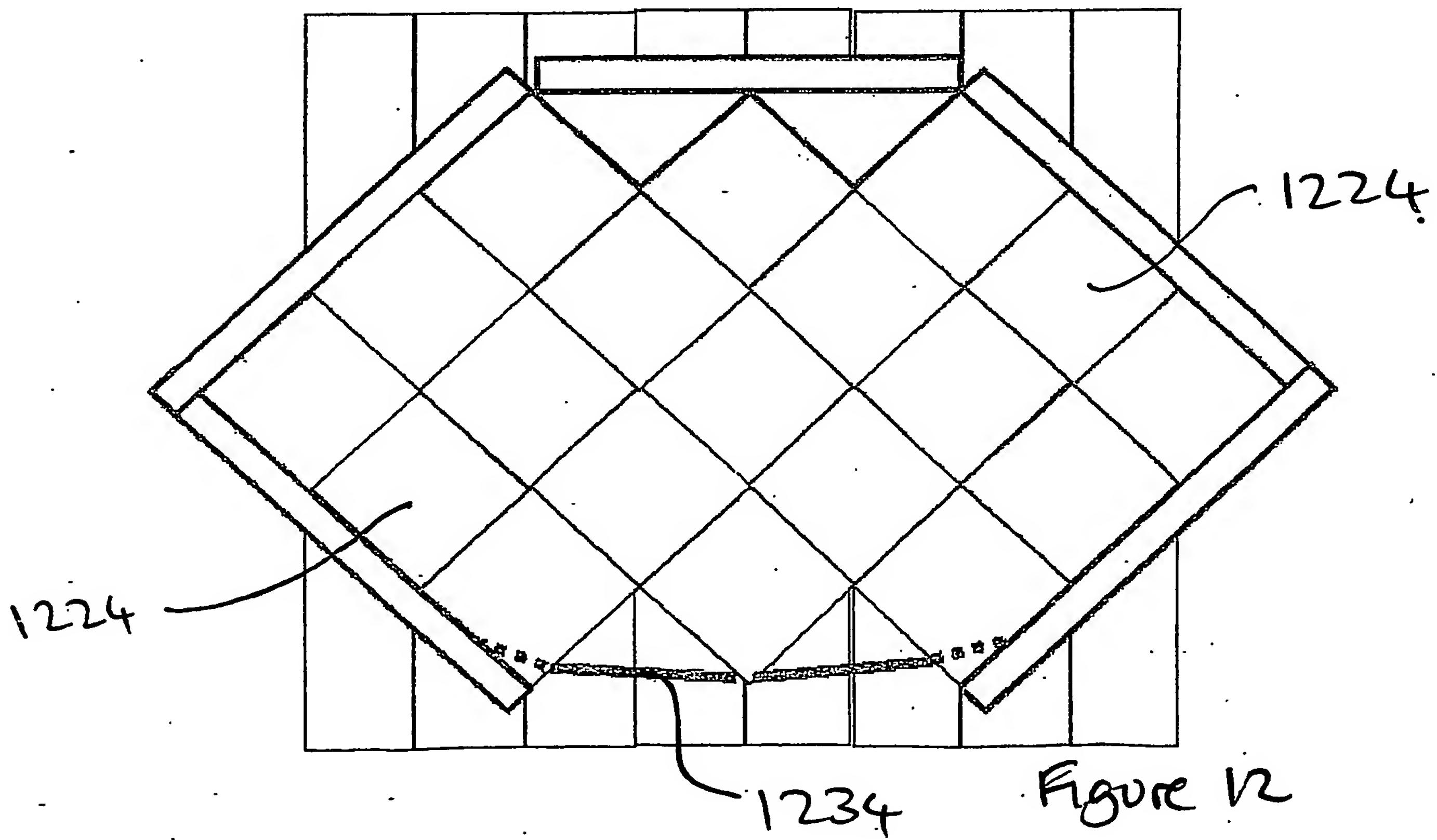
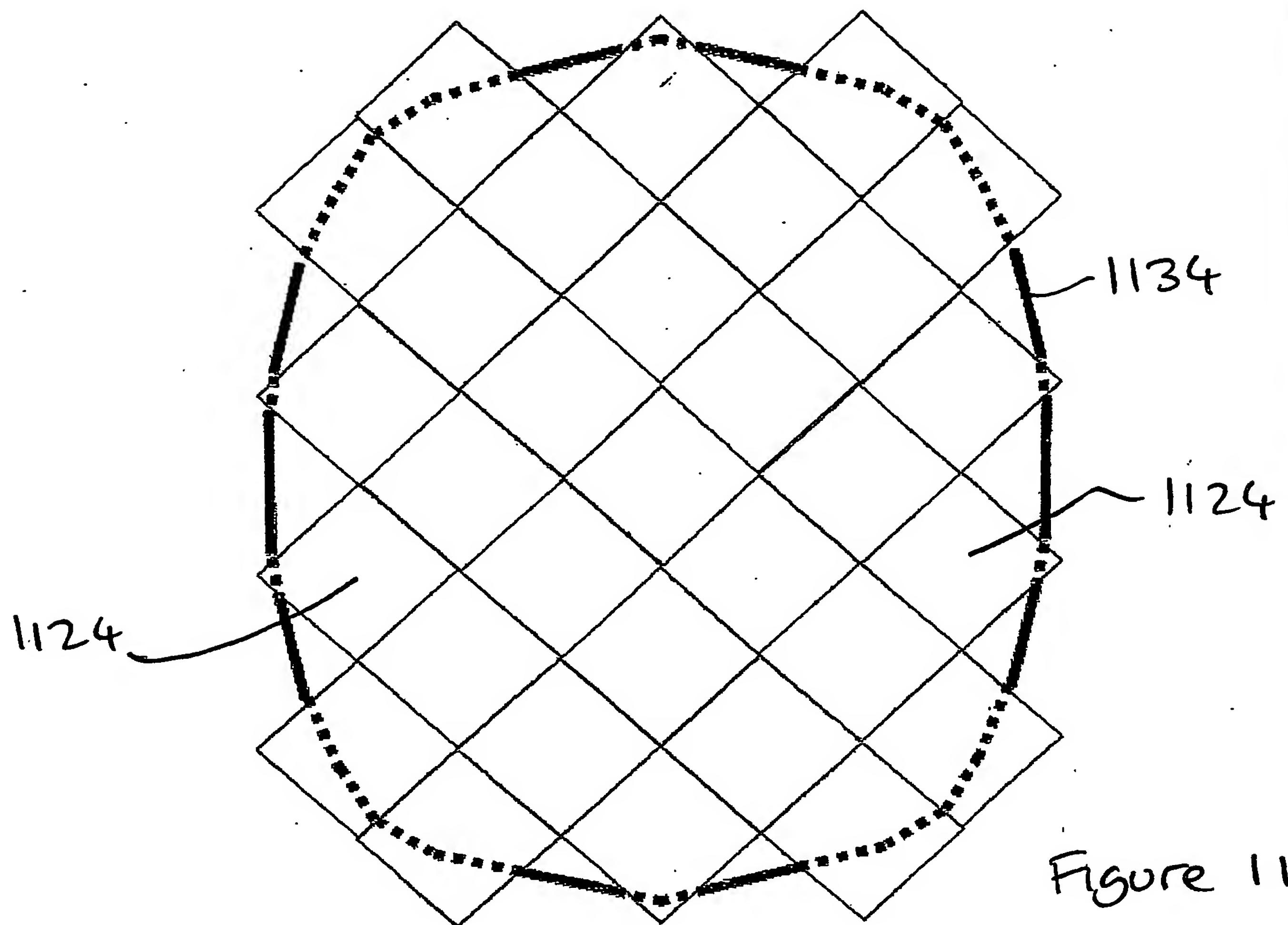


Figure 10



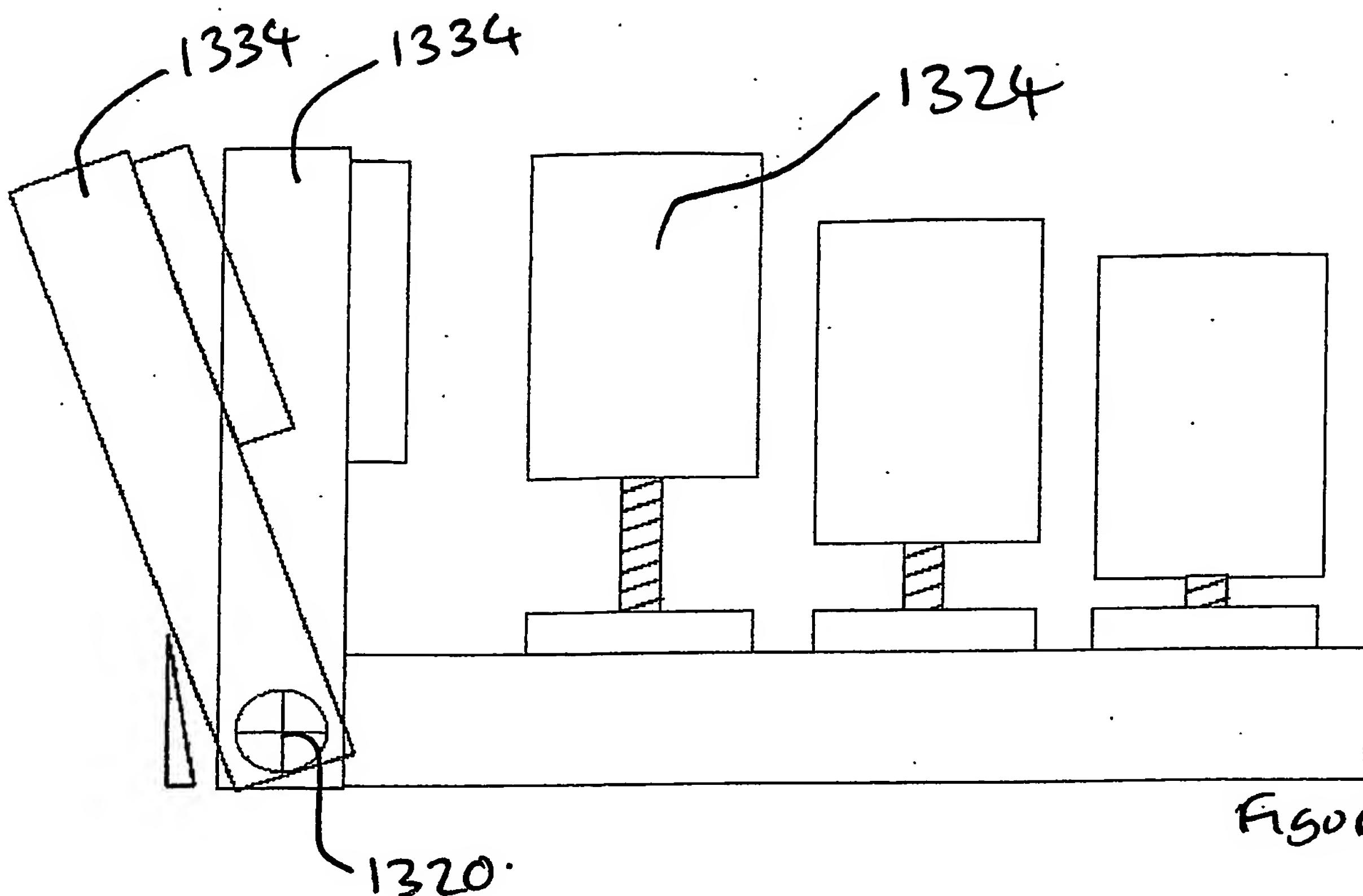


FIGURE 13

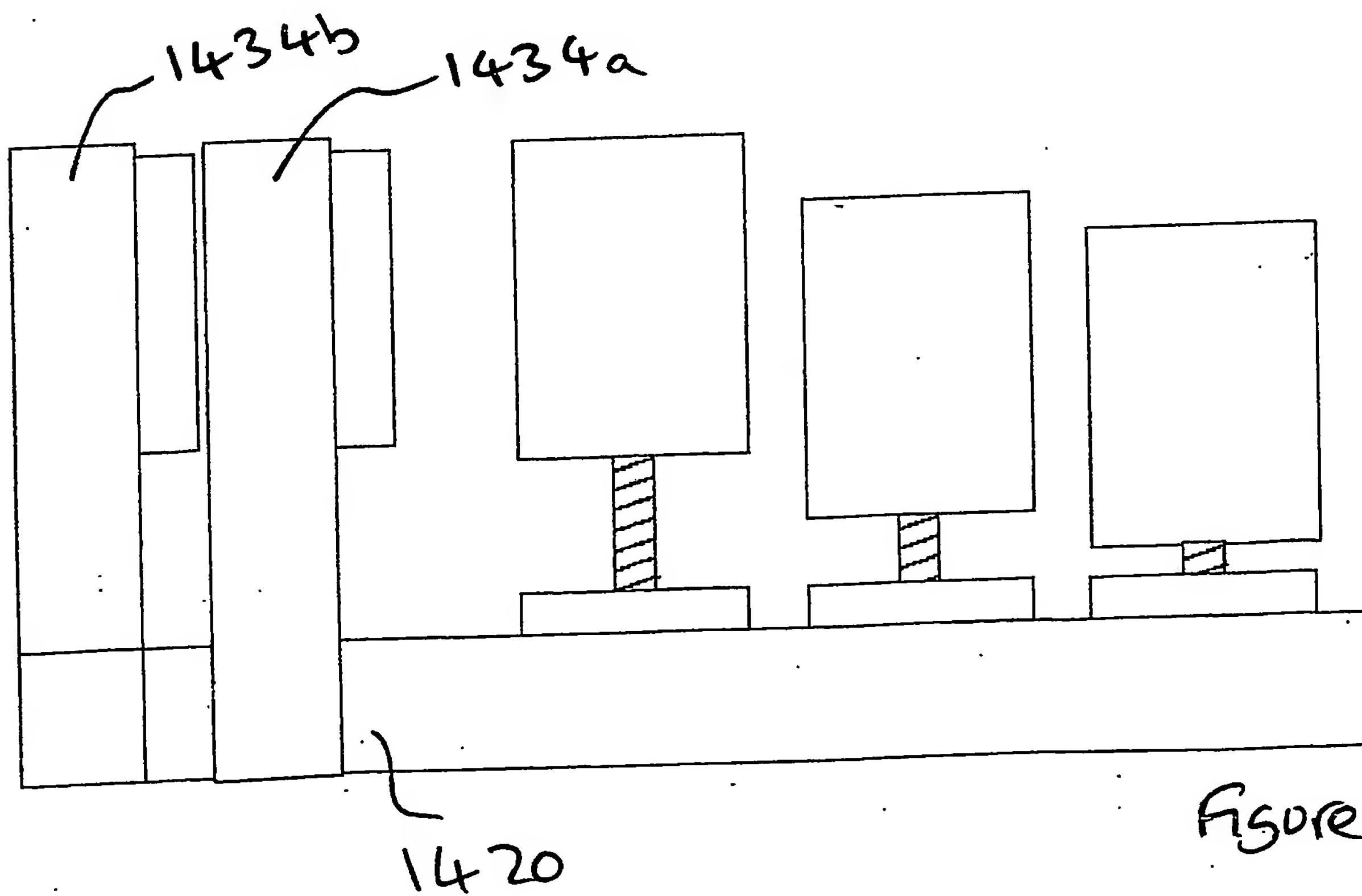


Figure 14

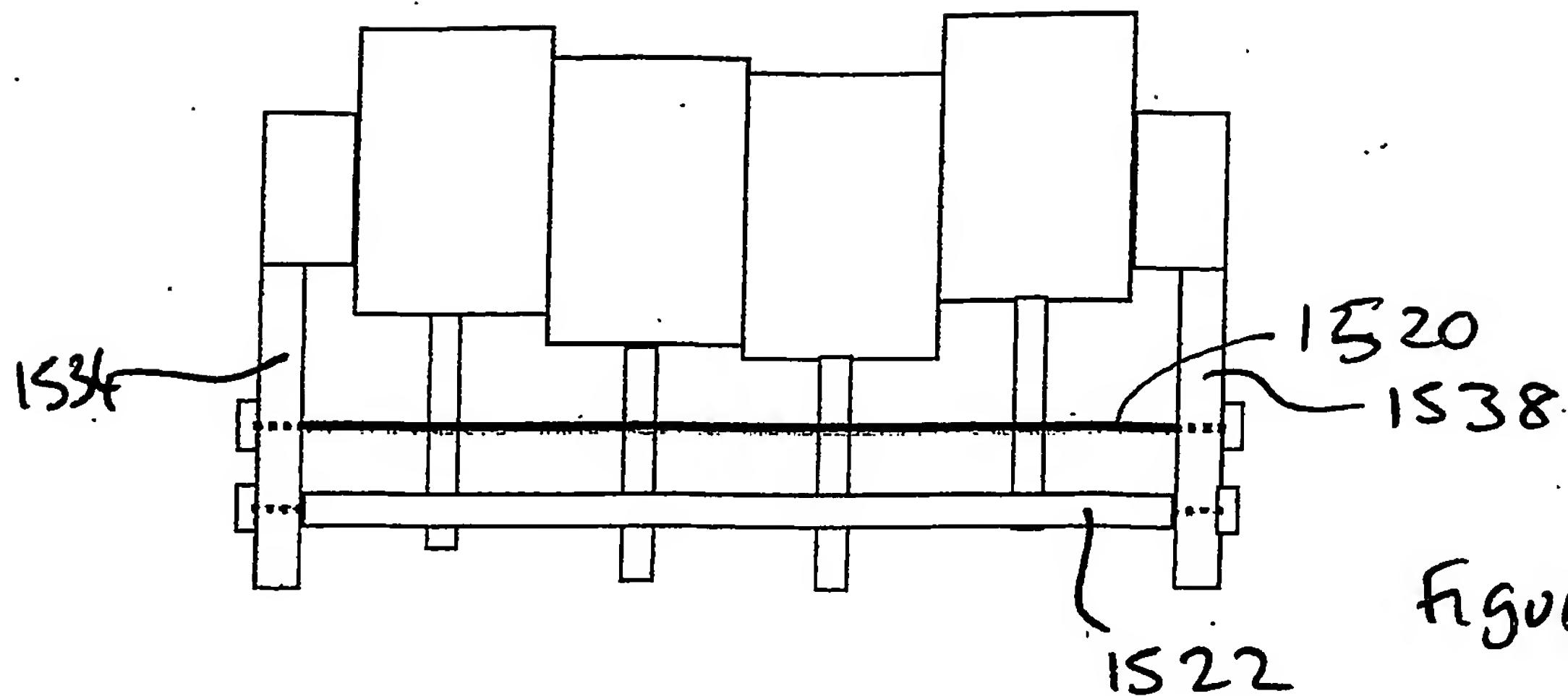


figure 15

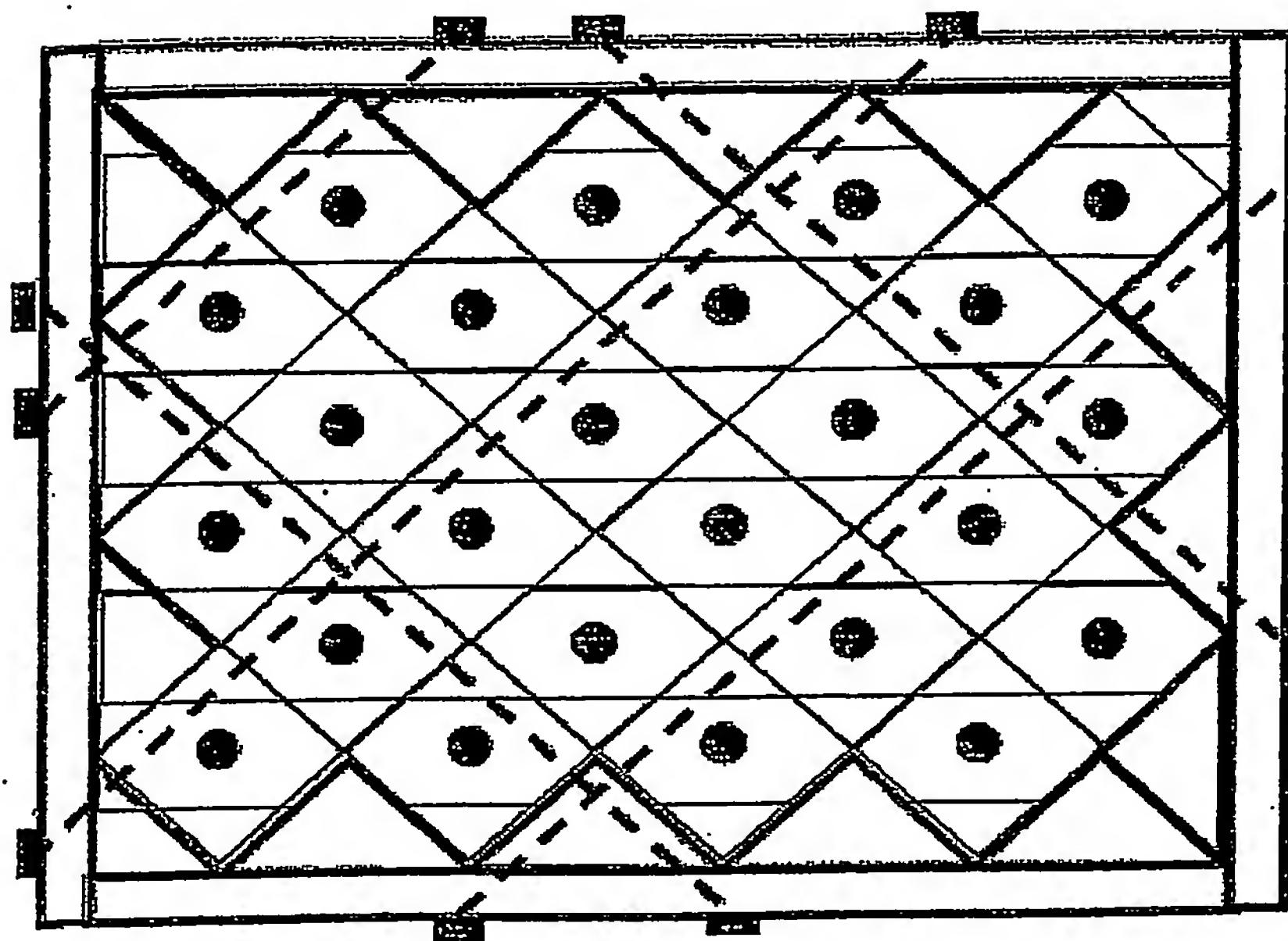


Figure 16

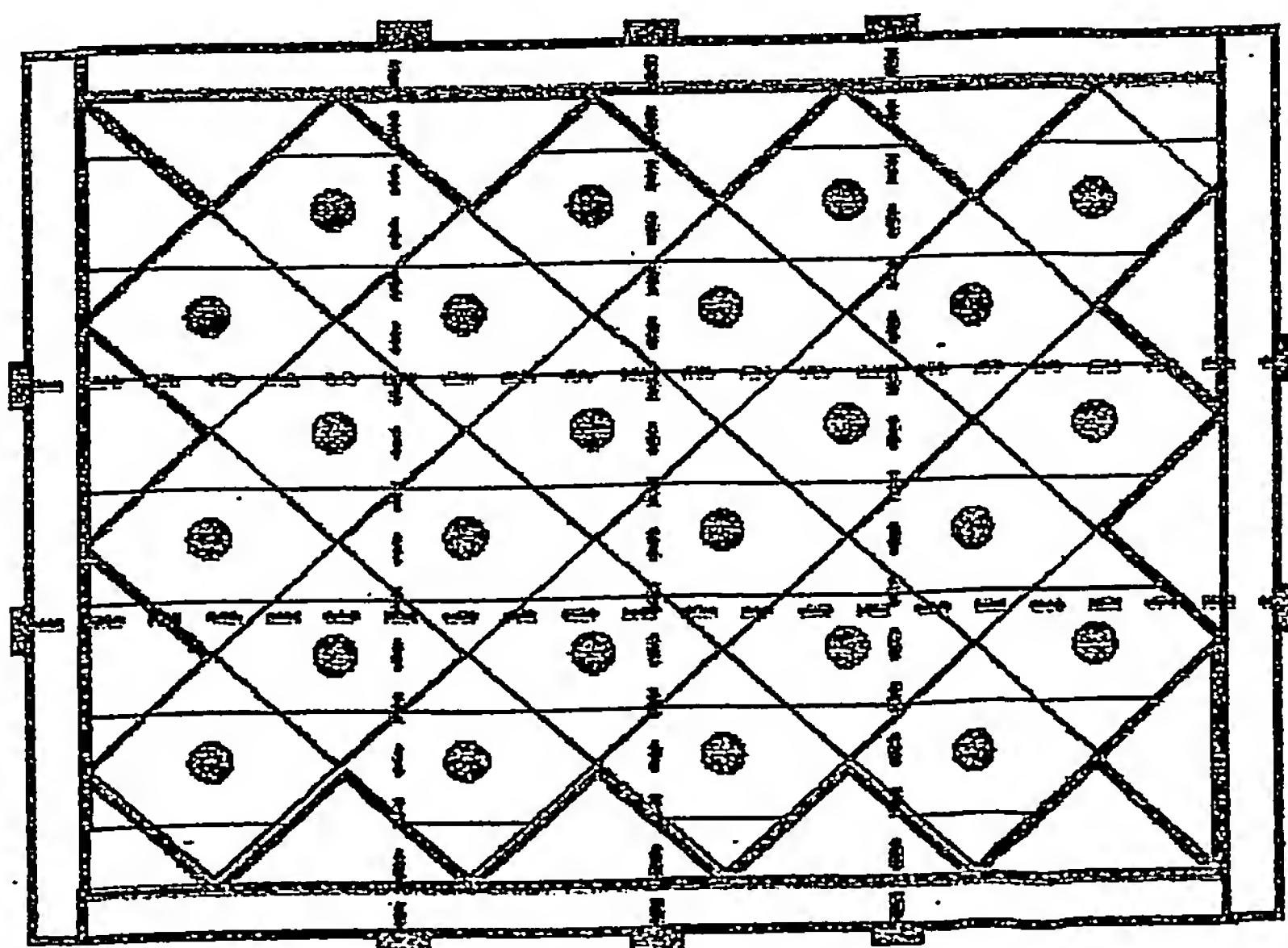


Figure 17

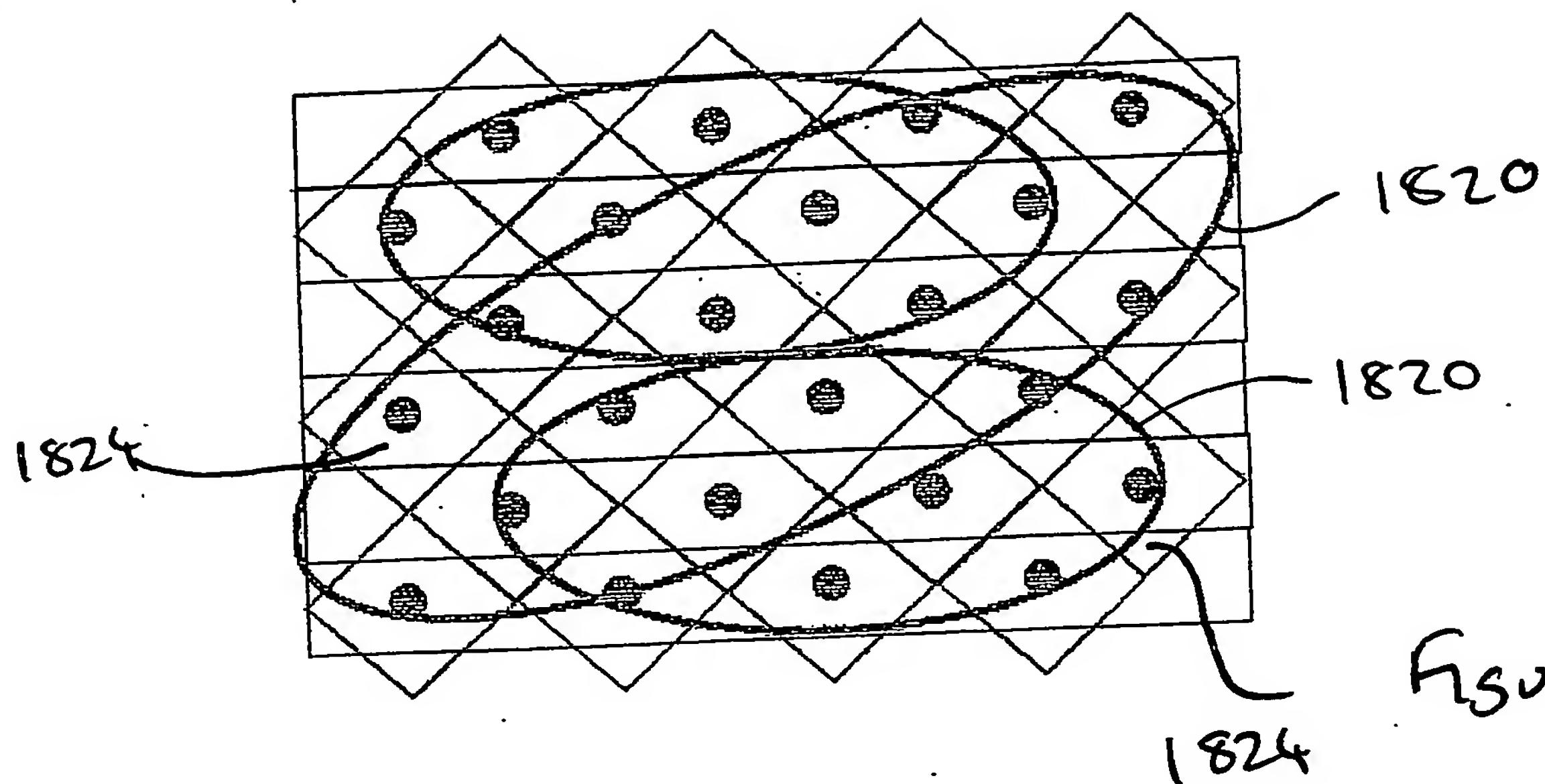


Figure 18

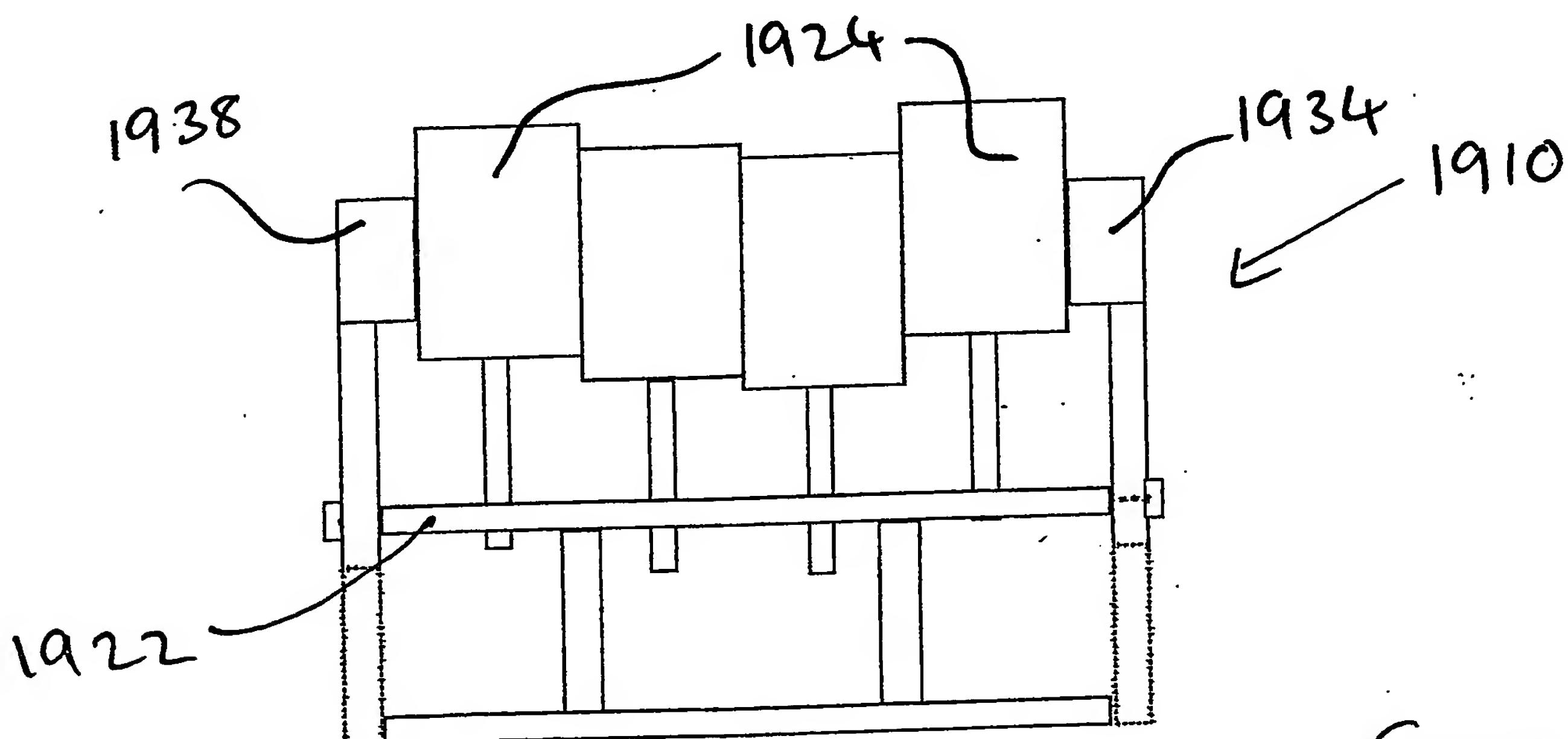


Figure 19

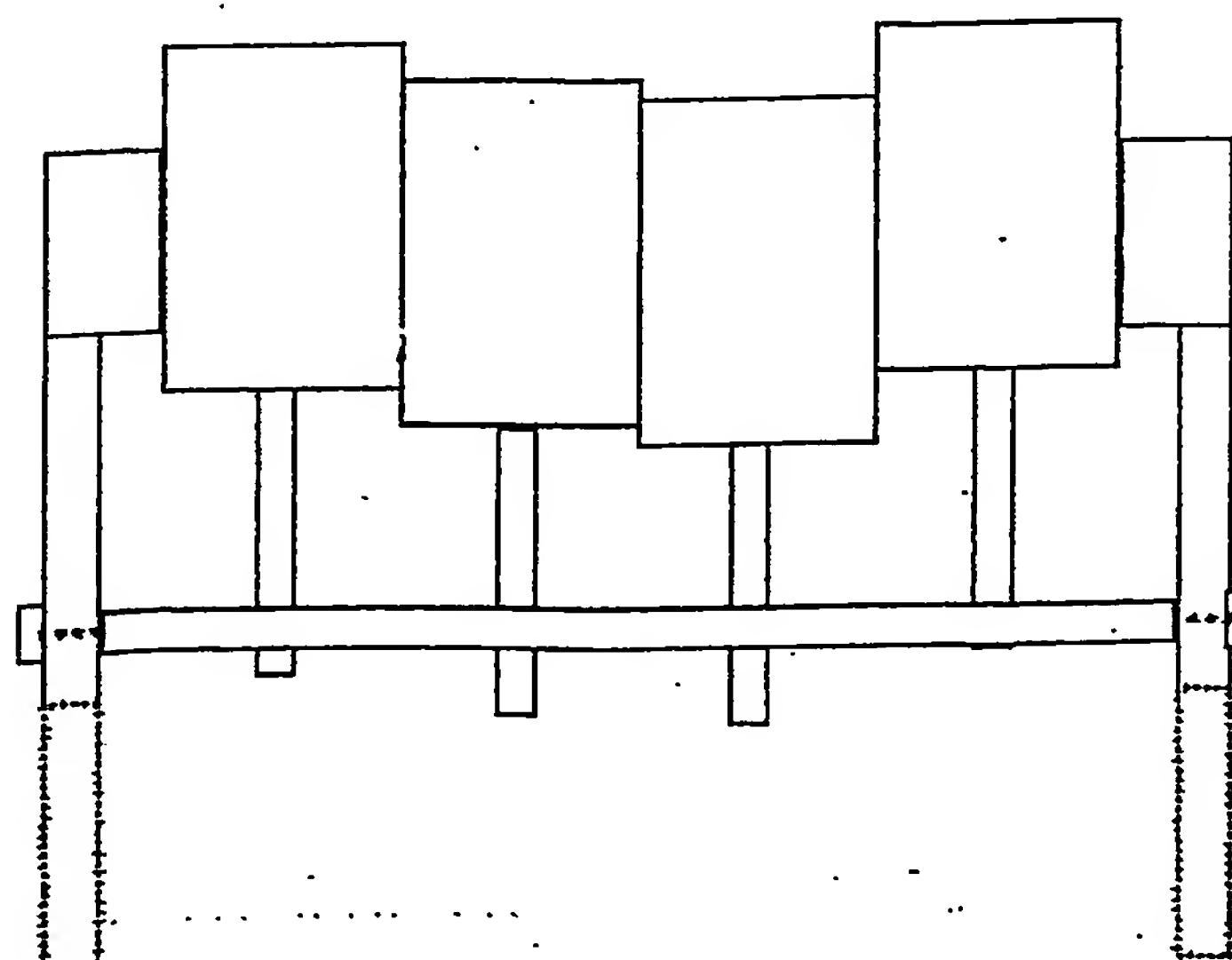


Figure 20

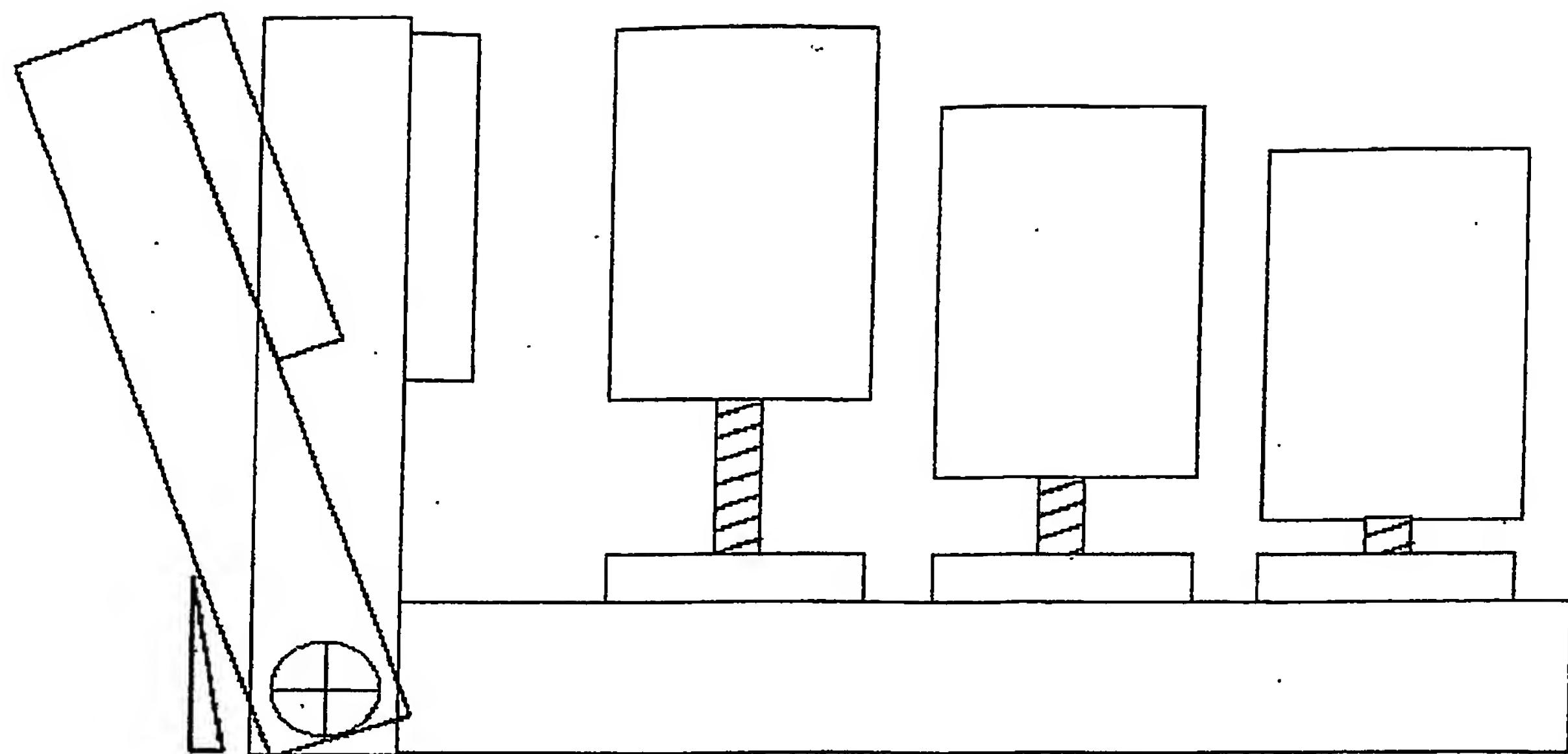


Figure 13

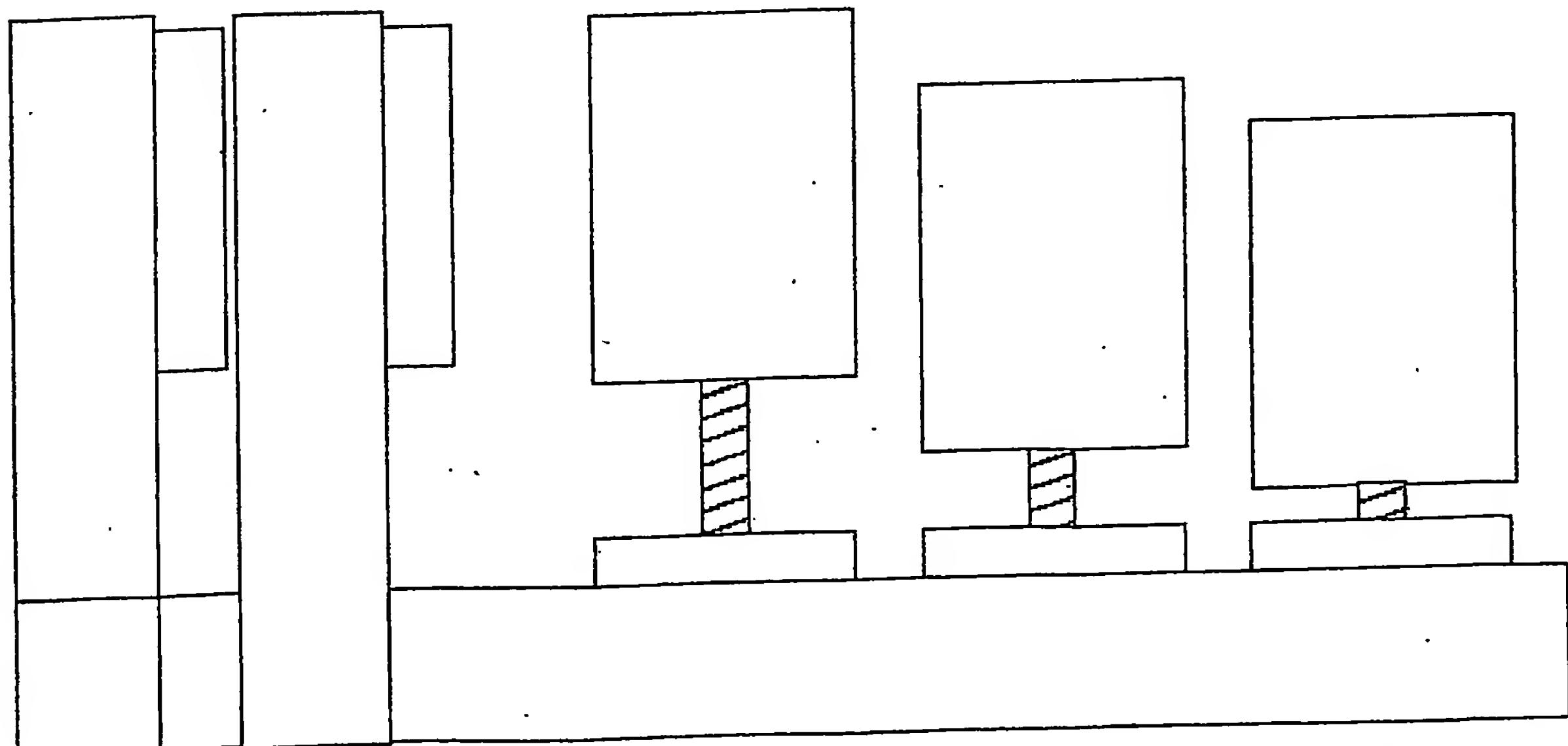
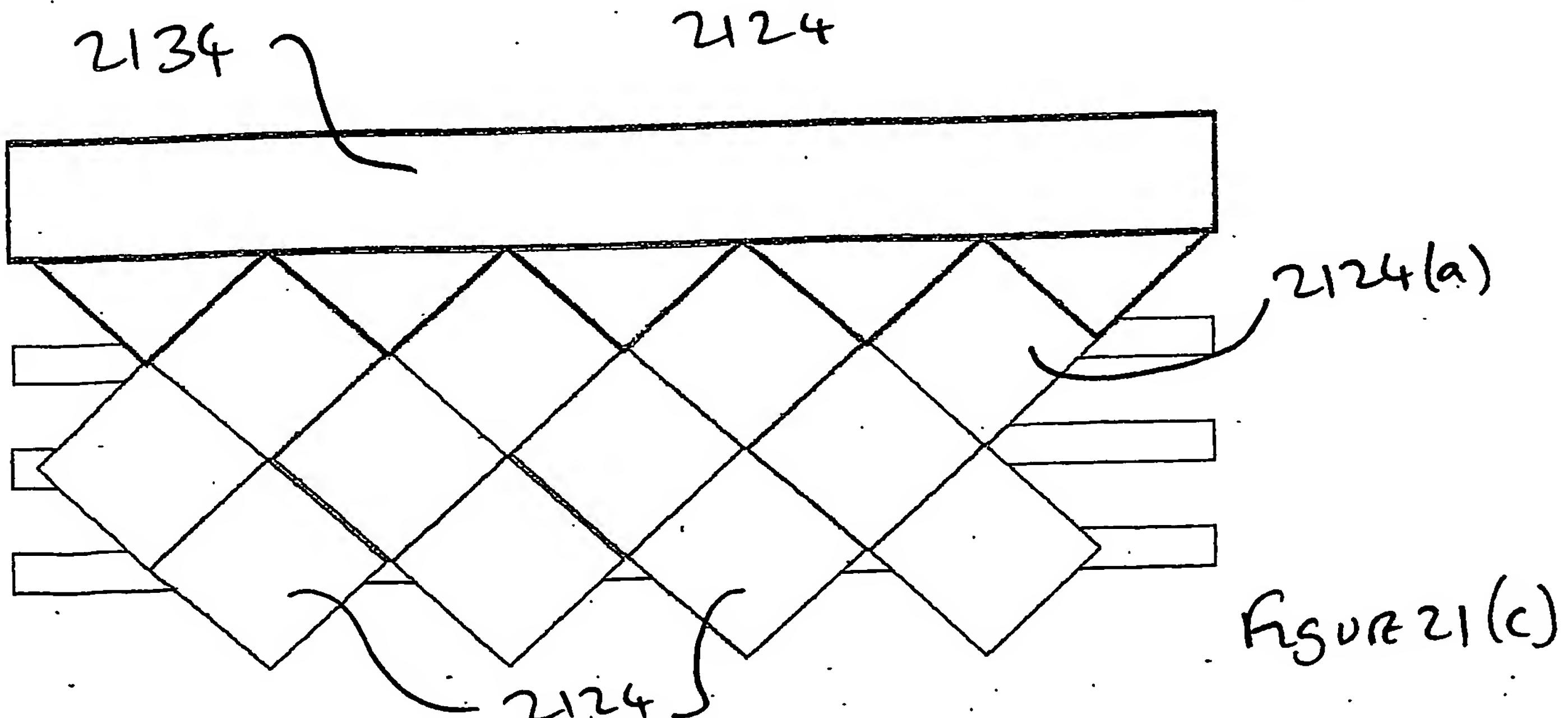
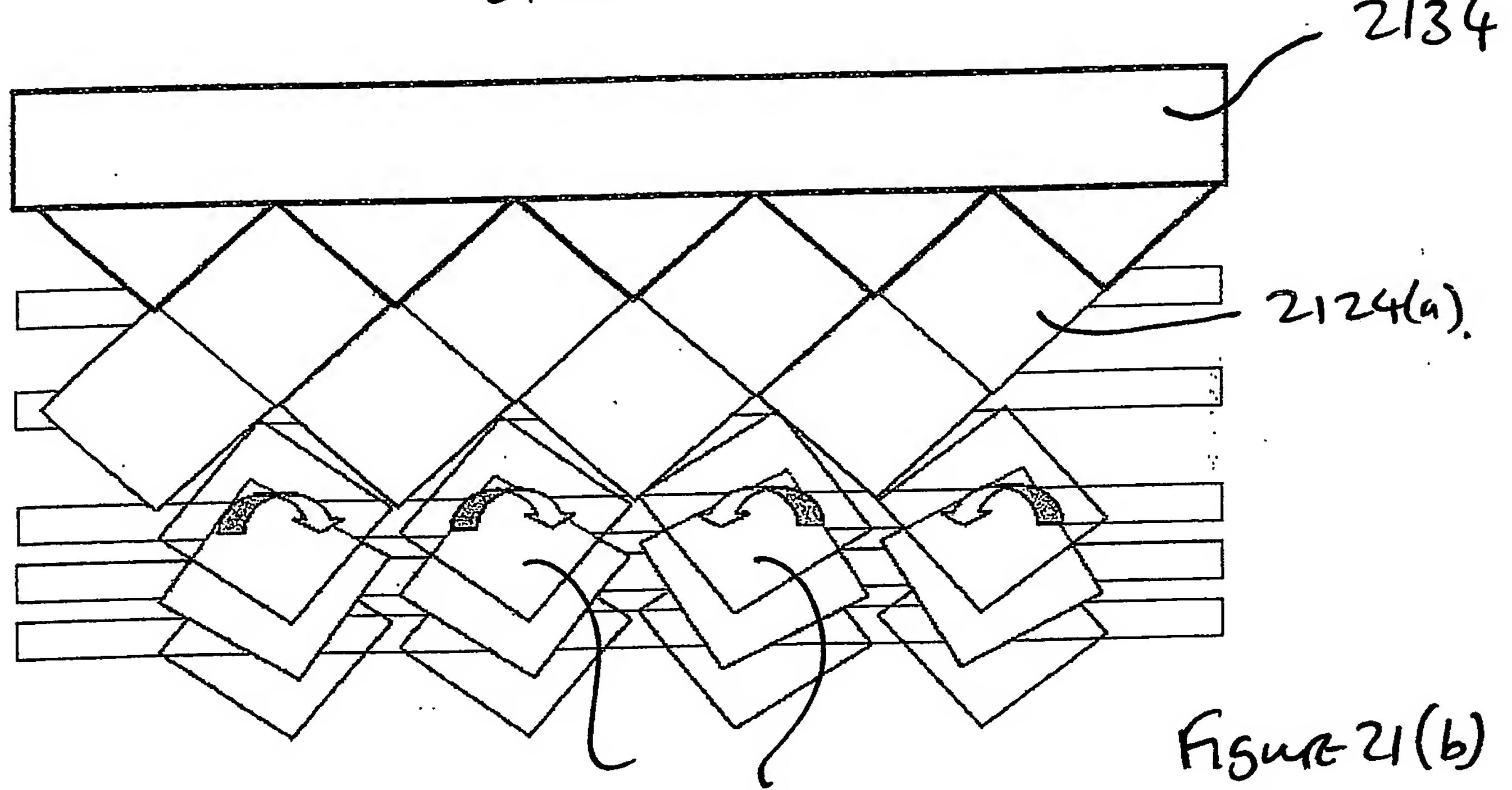
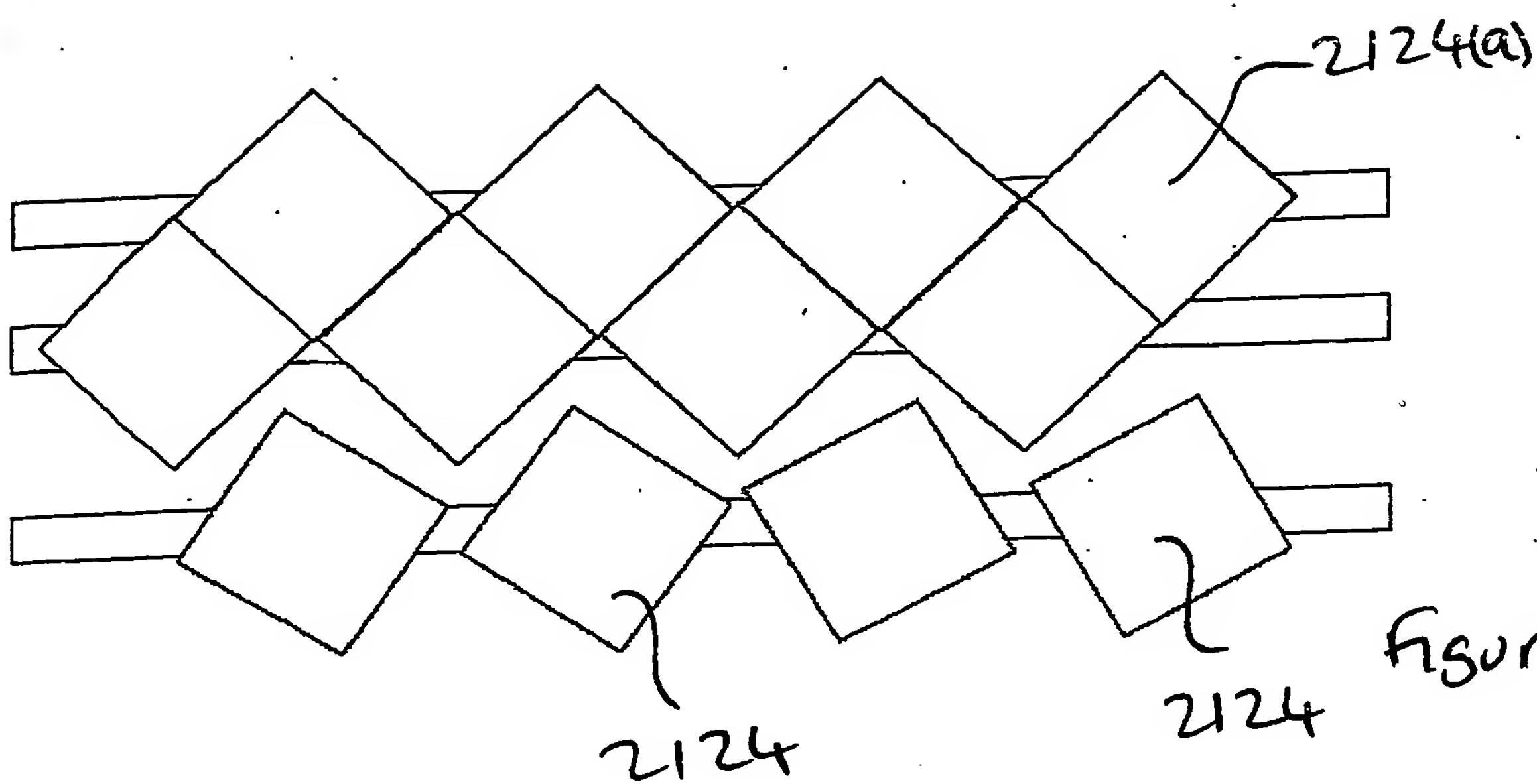


Figure 14



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